



TWIXWOOD
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From the Desk of Tom Kimmel

Dear customers and potential customers,

Here is the catalogue introduction—Dianne and I still own the nursery, still take it seriously, always on the lookout for managerial types and never knowing how to recruit them. We have worked together here for 48 years, meaning that our entire professional lives have been spent in this business, and our entire fortune has been invested in plant inventories. There have been discussions. Dianne suggested many times that we invest in something for our golden years and I always said that the best investment we could make was to build more poly houses. She remembers that I used to say that.

These days our market is almost all to the landscape trade. We thus make plants and package them for that demand. We have never done landscaping, but surmise that time on the job doing plant installing is expensive. Keeping them alive after installation is also relevant. We offer a 32 plug tray for groundcover and a deep 50 tray for grasses, carexes, and whatever the demand may be. These days we are selling gallon pots of *Pachysandra* 'Green Carpet' and *Vinca* minor 'Bowles' to landscapers which surprises me until I note that landscapers are set up for drilling holes for perennial gallon installations and then blowing mulch in afterwards. Year and a half old *pachysandras* have many rhizomes and year and a half old *vincas* have many runners. Therefore, they survive nicely, spread rapidly, install quickly, and handle well the mulching experience.

As for natives, we are learning how to grow *Pachysandra procumbens*, have already figured out how to grow unlimited amounts of *Asarum canadensis*, have learned that *Cornus canadensis* does not survive our summers here in the Midwest, and that *Duchesnea indica* is a terrible invasive plant and that its common name 'Indian Strawberry' does not make it a native of anywhere other than the foothills of the Himalayas.

You will be pleased to note that we are still working, thinking, struggling, learning, and trying. And you will be even more pleased to note that we still do not suffer from good taste. We used to try for aesthetics, but now we are trying for profitability. Let us know what the next big thing is going to be and we will develop our stock block.

We want to sell some nice thick one gallon (three quart or two and a half quart in actuality) hostas. These were tissue culture mostly and so do not have the virus and are true to name. Hostas used to be a hot item and I even remember far enough back to when *Hosta undulata univittata* was in short supply and greatly in demand. Those were the glory years. The memory is still here. And I still think that if we can grow it, we can sell it.

Keep working. Keep buying. Keep informing us of the future market.



Tom Kimmel

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Front Cover: *Andropogon* ‘Black Hawks’ (PP# 27,949)
2026 PPA Perennial Plant of the Year®



Above: Shawnee North, Main Farm, Office, and Loading Dock (24 acres)

**Aerial Photos
of Twixwood
Nursery**



Above:
Shawnee South
(95 acres)



Left: T-North Farm
(87 acres)

Below: Hillcrest, Original
Farm (33 acres)



Groundcovers

RECOMMENDED PLANT SPACING:

<u>Spacing</u>	<u>Common plant sizes</u>	<u>Square feet per plant</u>
6" centers	32ct.	.25 sq. ft.
8" centers	32ct.	.44 sq. ft.
10" centers	32ct., 24ct., 18ct.	.69 sq. ft.
12" centers	32ct., 24ct., 18ct., 10ct.	1.00 sq. ft.
15" centers	18ct., 10ct.	1.56 sq. ft.
18" centers	#1 container	2.25 sq. ft.
24" centers	#1 container	4.00 sq. ft.

Generally, groundcover plants are spaced 6-12" apart. The distance between the plants is based on the size of the plants used, the expected growth rate, and the budget that the installer has to work with.

$$\text{sq. ft. of job} \div \text{sq. ft. per plant} = \text{number of plants required}$$

Example: 1,000 square feet using 32ct flats planted on 6" centers

$$1,000 \text{ sq. ft.} \div .25 = 4,000 \text{ plants}$$

$$4,000 \text{ plants} \div 32 = 125 \text{ flats}$$

Acorus **Zone 5-9**

Golden Sweet Flag, Japanese Sweet Flag



***Acorus* makes an excellent groundcover. It grows well in some shade, loves edges of woods and ponds, and can even grow in several inches of water.**

gramineus 'Ogon'	yellow	6-12"	Jun-Jul
38ct.....	1.50 (57.00/flat)		

Ajuga **Zone Varies**

Bugleweed, Dwarf Bugleweed



Forms a dense mat that covers a large area quickly. The flower spikes contain numerous bugle-shaped flowers that are bluish-purple. Needs at least moderate moisture. Midnight Mystery™ has purple calyxes with rose-pink flowers that are set off nicely by the dark foliage. The color is better with more sun.

Foliage | Flower

'Chocolate Chip'	chocolate bluish purple	2-4"	Z4	May-Jun
reptans 'Black Scallop'	dk maroon purple bluish purple	4-6"	Z4	Apr-May
r. 'Bronze Beauty'	bronze bluish purple	4-6"	Z3	Apr-May
r. 'Burgundy Glow'	burgundy/white/green bluish purple	4-6"	Z3	Apr-May
r. 'Catlin's Giant'	purple bluish purple	10"	Z3	May
Midnight Mystery™	dk bronze purple rose-pink	6-8"	Z3	Apr-May

(r. 'ABFG0413A' PP# 33,969)

32ct.....	1.15 (36.80/flat)
32ct Plug	1.15 (36.80/flat)
24ct Standard	2.40 (57.60/flat)
10ct.....	3.25 (32.50/flat)
#1 container.....	7.55

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but can be grown upon request.

Asarum **Native** **Zone 3-8**

Canadian Wild Ginger



Canadian Wild Ginger makes a gorgeous woodland groundcover and prefers an acidic, moisture-retentive soil. The large, herbaceous leaves are somewhat fuzzy.

canadense	purplish brown	6-12"	Apr
32ct.....	1.90 (60.80/flat)		
10ct.....	4.10 (41.00/flat)		
#1 container.....	8.95		

Carex - See Grasses Section

Carexes, commonly called Sedges, are becoming increasingly popular as groundcovers and lawn alternatives. Twixwood offers many of these grass-like plants. See our [Grasses Section](#) for the complete list.

Ceratostigma

Zone 5-9

Plumbago, Leadwort



Intense clusters of peacock-blue flowers cover this vigorous, mat-forming, herbaceous groundcover over a long period of time. In fall, foliage turns deep mahogany while the flowers keep opening for a beautiful contrast. Best color is in full sun.

plumbaginoides	blue	8"	Jul-Sep
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32ct.....	1.60 (51.20/flat)
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10ct.....	3.25 (32.50/flat)
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#1 container.....	7.55
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Cotoneaster

Zone 5-7

Cotoneaster



An evergreen groundcover with red stems and glossy green foliage. Small white flowers in May are followed by red berries in the fall.

dammeri 'Nordic Carpet'®	white	3-6"	May
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10ct.....	3.25 (32.50/flat)
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Dianthus - See Perennials Section

Many *Dianthus* species make excellent groundcovers especially in rock gardens and miniature settings. Check out our [Perennials Section](#) for a complete list.

Galium **Zone 4-8**

Sweet Woodruff, Bedstraw



One of the best herbaceous groundcovers for a partially shaded, moist area. Formerly classified as *Asperula odorata*. Vigorous and hardy, a myriad of small white flowers appear in May and June over lovely green foliage. Prefers a light, acidic soil.

odoratum white 6" May-Jun

72ct..... .88 (63.36/flat)

32ct 1.60 (51.20/flat)

32ct Plug 1.60 (51.20/flat)

24ct Standard 2.40 (57.60/flat)

10ct..... 3.25 (32.50/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55

Geum fragarioides - See Waldsteinia

Isotoma **Zone 5-10**

Blue Star Creeper



A popular miniature groundcover featuring small green leaves that become completely covered in star-shaped blue flowers. Can handle heavy foot traffic.

fluviatilis light blue 2-3" Jun-Aug

72ct..... .88 (63.36/flat)

32ct..... 1.15 (36.80/flat)

32ct Plug 1.15 (36.80/flat)

10ct..... 3.25 (32.50/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55

Leptinella **Zone 6-10**

Black Brass Buttons



A miniature groundcover native to New Zealand with soft fern-like foliage which is dark bronze to black. Flowers are insignificant. Can handle moderate foot traffic.

'Platt's Black' yellow 2" Jun-Jul

50ct..... 1.12 (56.00/flat)

10ct..... 3.25 (32.50/flat)

Liriope **Zone Varies**

Lily Turf



Dense spikes of lavender flowers above foliage. Useful in borders and mass plantings. Prefers some shade, but is full-sun tolerant. ‘Big Blue’ and the other members of the *muscaria* species have a mounding habit, while the *spicata* species are more spreading.

spicata (spreading)**Foliage Color | Flower Color**

spicata	evergreen lilac	9-18"	Z4	Jul-Aug
32ct.....	1.60 (51.20/flat)			
32ct Plug	1.60 (51.20/flat)			
10ct.....	3.25 (32.50/flat)			
#1 container.....	7.55			

muscaria (mounding)

m. ‘Big Blue’	green lavender	12-18"	Z6	Jul-Aug
m. ‘Variegata’	variegated mauve	10-15"	Z6	Jul-Aug
32ct.....	2.65 (84.80/flat)			
10ct.....	4.10 (41.00/flat)			
#1 container.....	8.95			

All varieties not maintained in all sizes.

Lysimachia **Zone 3-8**

Moneywort, Creeping Jenny



A mat-forming, creeping, herbaceous groundcover for moist to wet areas. Bright yellow foliage in full sun, lime green in shade. Does best with at least part sun.

nummularia ‘Aurea’	yellow	2"		Jun-Aug
72ct.....	.88 (63.36/flat)			
32ct	1.15 (36.80/flat)			
24ct Standard	2.40 (57.60/flat)			
10ct.....	3.25 (32.50/flat)			

Mazus	Zone 4-9
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Mazus



A miniature groundcover that forms a bright green, fast-spreading mat, which is covered with blooms in the spring. Tolerates moderate foot traffic.

reptans 'Alba'	white	2"	May
r. 'Purple'	purple	2"	May

72ct..... .88 (63.36/flat)

32ct Plug 1.15 (36.80/flat)

10ct..... 3.25 (32.50/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but can be grown upon request.

Pachysandra	Native	Zone 5-9
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Japanese Spurge, Allegheny Spurge



Japanese Spurge is a very popular, low maintenance, and hardy evergreen groundcover for shady areas. Does not like heavy, wet soils. 'Green Carpet' is an improved cultivar of the straight *terminalis* species. It is hardier, more compact, more uniform in height, and glossier green in color.

terminalis 'Green Carpet'	white	8"	May
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32ct..... .95 (30.40/flat)

32ct Plug95 (30.40/flat)

24ct Standard 1.40 (33.60/flat)

10ct..... 2.35 (23.50/flat)

#1 container..... 6.25

Allegheny Spurge is native to the Southeastern United States. An excellent shade groundcover that grows 8-12" tall and spreads indefinitely by rhizomes. Forms a dense mat of blue-green leaves. Leaves are typically deciduous in more northern zones (5 and 6) but semi-evergreen in southerly ones.

procumbens (<i>Native</i>)	white	8-12"	Mar-Apr
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32ct Plug 4.00 (128.00/flat)

10ct..... 7.50 (75.00/flat)

#1 container..... 10.20

Twixwood is in early production trialing of this plant. Limited quantities may be available late in the season.

Please see our Information Section towards the end of the catalog regarding Boxwood Blight and its relation to Pachysandra. Twixwood will not accept refused/returned Pachysandra.

Phlox **Zone 3-9**

Creeping Phlox 

Traditional and indispensable groundcover for use in virtually any landscape situation. Creeping Phlox likes a well-drained, neutral soil.

subulata ‘Amazing Grace’	white w/maroon eye	4-6”	Apr-May
s. ‘Blue Emerald’	blue	4-6”	Apr-May
s. ‘Drummons Pink’	deep pink	4-6”	Apr-May
s. ‘Perfectly Puzzling’ (PP# 31,487)	white, pink, dark violet	4-6”	Apr-May
s. ‘Purple Beauty’	purple	4-6”	Apr-May
32ct	1.60 (51.20/flat)		
10ct.....	3.25 (32.50/flat)		
#1 container.....	7.55		


For Tall, Garden *Phlox*, see the Perennials section.

Sagina **Zone 4-9**

Moss, Irish Moss, Scotch Moss 

A miniature groundcover with tiny white flowers. The straight species is green and often called Irish Moss. ‘Aurea’ is yellow and often called Scotch Moss. Can handle heavy foot traffic. Avoid planting in areas that get hot afternoon sun.

	<i>Foliage Color Flower Color</i>		
subulata	green white	2”	May
s. ‘Aurea’	yellow white	2”	May
32ct	1.60 (51.20/flat)		
10ct.....	3.25 (32.50/flat)		
#1 container.....	7.55		

Sedum	Native	Zone	Varies
Stonecrop			

Succulent-type perennials that prefer sunny, hot areas in a loose soil with good drainage. *Sedum* are especially susceptible to variations in color, habit, height, etc. depending on growing conditions, light, temperature, etc. They may change color frequently throughout the season. For example, 'Angelina' can be pale yellow to green if grown in shade or over-fertilized. In the heat of the summer it will be bright golden yellow. While in the cold or if stressed with too little water it will be dark orange with red highlights.

The *Sedum* genus is so large it is being subclassified or reclassified. As these come into general use, Twixwood will note them as alternate names. Other genus or subgenus names you will see include *Hylotelephium*, *Petrosedum*, *Phedimus*, *Rhodiola*, and *Sinocrassula*.

Creeping Groundcover Varieties

	Foliage Color Flower Color			
acre 'Aureum'	green yellow tips yellow	1-3"	Z4	Jun-Jul
album 'Coral Carpet'	coral-green-red white	3-6"	Z4	May-Jun
cauticola 'Lidakense'	blue green pink	3-6"	Z4	Jul-Sep
floriferum 'Bailey's Gold'	green yellow	3-6"	Z4	Jun-Aug
(aka 'Weihenstephaner Gold' or <i>S. kamtschaticum</i> var. <i>floriferum</i> , etc.)				
kamtschaticum	green yellow	6-8"	Z4	May-Jun
k. var. <i>ellacombianum</i>	green yellow	6-8"	Z4	May-Jun
rupestre 'Angelina'	yellow conifer like yellow	3-5"	Z4	Jun-Jul
(aka <i>reflexum</i> 'A.') { <i>Petrosedum</i> }				
r. 'Blue Spruce'	blue conifer like yellow	6-9"	Z4	Jun-Jul
(aka <i>reflexum</i> 'B.') { <i>Petrosedum</i> }				
spurium 'Dragon's Blood'	green w/purple to red pink	3-6"	Z3	Aug-Sep
('Schorbuser Blut') { <i>Phedimus</i> }				
s. 'Elizabeth'	red tinged turns burgundy red	3-6"	Z3	May-Jul
(aka 'Red Carpet') { <i>Phedimus</i> }				
s. 'John Creech' { <i>Phedimus</i> }	green pink	1-3"	Z3	Aug-Sep
s. 'Tricolor' { <i>Phedimus</i> }	green w/white/pink pink	3-6"	Z3	May-Jul
s. 'Voodoo' { <i>Phedimus</i> }	dark maroon red rose red	3-6"	Z3	Aug-Sep
ternatum (<i>Native</i>)	green white	3-6"	Z4	Apr-May
tetractinum 'Coral Reef'	green turn red pale pink	2-4"	Z5	Jul-Aug
72ct.....	.88 (63.36/flat)			
32ct.....	.95 (30.40/flat)			
24ct Standard	1.40 (33.60/flat)			
10ct.....	2.35 (23.50/flat)			
#1 container.....	6.25			

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but can be grown in these and other sizes upon request.

Continued on Next Page

Sedum (continued)**Groundcover Varieties (continued)**

Atlantis® (takesimensense 'Nonsitnal' PP# 27,454)	green w/ creamy margin yellow	4-6"	Z4	Aug-Sep
'Plum Perfection' (PP# 22,690) {Hylotelephium}	green to gray to plum white	6-8"	Z3	Jul-Sep
Shamrock (cauticola 'FLORSEPURJOH' PPAF)	chocolate brown w/ pink green	2-4"	Z3	Seldom
WHAT A DOOZIE (spurium 'Spiraling Doozie' PP# 31,789)	white and green variegation pink	2-5"	Z5	Aug-Sep

Sunsparkler® Series

'Blue Elf' (x Sedoro) (PP# 27,113) {Hylotelephium}	steel blue dark pink	3-6"	Z3	Aug-Sep
Blue Elf is an interspecies cross (orostachys x sedum)				
'Dazzleberry' (PP# 22,457) {Hylotelephium}	blue-gray raspberry pink	6-9"	Z3	Aug-Sep
'Dream Dazzler' (PP# 31,227) {Hylotelephium}	olive-green cream w/pink pink	6-8"	Z4	Aug-Sep
'Firecracker' (PP# 26,595) {Hylotelephium}	burgundy red pink	6"	Z4	Aug-Sep
'Jade Tuffet' (PP# 28,090) {Hylotelephium}	green w/ red stem pink	12-14"	Z4	Aug-Sep

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55

Upright Varieties

'Carl' {Hylotelephium}	gray-green magenta pink	16-18"	Z3	Aug-Sep
spectabile 'Autumn Fire' {Hylotelephium}	gray-green rose pink	12-24"	Z4	Aug-Oct
s. 'Autumn Joy' (Herbstfreude) {Hylotelephium}	gray-green pink-red	18-24"	Z3	Aug-Oct
s. 'Neon' {Hylotelephium}	gray-green magenta	12-24"	Z3	Aug-Oct

38ct..... 1.50 (57.00/flat)

#1 container..... 6.95

Autumn Charm™ (Lajos) {Hylotelephium}	blue green w/white edge pink	14-18"	Z3	Aug-Sep
Autumn Delight™ (Beka) PP# 18,398 {Hylotelephium}	chartse w/blue-green pink	18-24"	Z3	Aug-Sep
'Pillow Talk' (PP# 28,528) {Hylotelephium}	gray-green, red stem pink	18-24"	Z3	Sep


38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55

Additional Varieties can be found in the Perennial Section.

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but can be grown in these and other sizes upon request.

Teucrium **Zone 5-7**

 Spreading Germander 

A slow spreading, dense groundcover. Purplish-pink flowers reach 3" above foliage. 'Pride of Georgia' (PP# 33,599) is a Chicagoland Grows® introduction from a Chicago Botanic Garden seed collection trip to the Republic of Georgia. Half of the royalties benefit the Institute of Botany at the Ilia State University, The Republic of Georgia.


chamaedrys ssp. nuchense	purplish pink	5-7"	Jul-Sep
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'Pride of Georgia' (PP# 33,599)

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

Thymus **Zone Varies**

 Creeping Thyme 

A very tough, low-growing mat that is ideal for use between flagstones. Carpeted with brightly colored flowers in summer over aromatic green foliage. Needs full sun and a well-drained soil. The *praecox* species is hardy to at least zone 4.

praecox 'Coccineum'	red	2-4"	Z4	May-Jul
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pseudolanuginosus (Woolly Thyme)	mauve	2-4"	Z5	May-Jul
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serpyllum 'Elfin'	lavender-pink	1-2"	Z5	May-Jul
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s. 'Pink Chintz'	pink	2-4"	Z5	May-Jul
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32ct..... 1.90 (60.80/flat)

32ct Plug 1.90 (60.80/flat)


24ct Standard 2.40 (57.60/flat)

10ct..... 4.10 (41.00/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but can be grown upon request.

Veronica **Zone 4-8**

 Speedwell 

'Blue Sprite' (PP# 29,581) is durable and drought tolerant with 6" flower spikes in early summer. See Perennial Section for more varieties.

'Blue Sprite' (PP# 29,581)	violet-blue	1-6"	Jun-Jul
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38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

Vinca	Zone 4-9
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Periwinkle, Myrtle	
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An evergreen groundcover that is hard to beat for dry, shady areas under trees. Prefers acidic soil and part shade. ‘Bowles’ is more clumping in habit and has more profuse flowering than the species. ‘Dart’s Blue’ is similar to ‘Bowles’, but seems to be more disease resistant. ‘Ralph Shugert’ has variegated foliage.

minor ‘Bowles’	blue	6-8”	May-Jun
m. ‘Dart’s Blue’	blue	6-8”	May-Jun
m. ‘Ralph Shugert’	blue	6-8”	May-Jun

32ct.....	1.05 (33.60/flat)
32ct Plug	1.05 (33.60/flat)
24ct Standard	1.50 (36.00/flat)
10ct.....	2.55 (25.50/flat)
#1 container.....	6.25

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but can be grown upon request.

Waldsteinia (Geum)	Native	Zone 4-7
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Barren Strawberry	
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A dependable groundcover native to North America, sometimes called *Geum fragarioides*. Tolerates a wide range of soils and sun, but does best in moist soil with part shade. Buttercup-yellow flowers appear in late spring.

fragarioides	yellow	4-8”	May-Jun
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32ct Plug	1.90 (60.80/flat)
10ct.....	4.10 (41.00/flat)
#1 container.....	8.95

Natives

Native plants should be an important consideration in the landscape and Twixwood has many to offer. This list should help you find them in our catalog. The list below includes natives, native selections, and cultivars of natives (sometimes called nativars). Given our broad customer base, we are including plants that are native to the Midwestern, Eastern, and Southeastern United States.

We do not have space here to go into the various “levels” of nativeness or what may be appropriate for any particular landscape. Here at Twixwood we take a broad view that covers the majority of the customers we serve. We are not native “purists.” We do not track the specific genotype or ecotype. Even on the plants we propagate from our own stock, we have been doing it for so long that we do not know where our original stock came from. We’ll be happy to answer any questions you may have and if you need something we can’t provide, we are happy to direct you to our associates in the industry who can provide it. Feel free to let us know any suggestions or critiques of our list.

Plants in the Twixwood catalog are listed alphabetically by Genus within the category (Groundcover, Grasses, or Perennials) so we will give the native Genus below along with which category it can be found in. Not all varieties or cultivars within a Genus are native but you can find more specifics in that area of description.

Native Genus	Category	Native Genus	Category
Achillea.....	Perennials	Heliopsis.....	Perennials
Adiantum (under Ferns).....	Perennials	Heuchera.....	Perennials
Agastache.....	Perennials	Liatris.....	Perennials
Allium.....	Perennials	Lobelia.....	Perennials
Ammophila.....	Grasses	Matteuccia (under Ferns).....	Perennials
Amsonia.....	Perennials	Monarda.....	Perennials
Andropogon.....	Grasses	Oenothera.....	Perennials
Anemone.....	Perennials	Onoclea (under Ferns).....	Perennials
Antennaria.....	Perennials	Osmunda (under Ferns).....	Perennials
Aquilegia.....	Perennials	Pachysandra.....	Groundcover
Asarum.....	Groundcover	Panicum.....	Grasses
Asclepias.....	Perennials	Penstemon.....	Perennials
Aster.....	Perennials	Phlox.....	Groundcover, Perennials
Athyrium (under Ferns).....	Perennials	Polystichum (under Ferns).....	Perennials
Baptisia.....	Perennials	Pycnanthemum.....	Perennials
Bouteloua.....	Grasses	Rudbeckia.....	Perennials
Callirhoe.....	Perennials	Ruellia.....	Perennials
Carex.....	Grasses	Schizachyrium.....	Grasses
Chasmanthium.....	Grasses	Sedum.....	Groundcover, Perennials
Conoclinium.....	Perennials	Sorghastrum.....	Grasses
Coreopsis.....	Perennials	Sporobolus.....	Grasses
Deschampsia.....	Grasses	Stokesia.....	Perennials
Dodecathon.....	Perennials	Stylophorum.....	Perennials
Dryopteris (under Ferns).....	Perennials	Tiarella.....	Perennials
Echinacea.....	Perennials	Tradescantia.....	Perennials
Eragrostis.....	Grasses	Vernonia.....	Perennials
Eryngium.....	Perennials	Veronicastrum.....	Perennials
Eupatorium.....	Perennials	Viola.....	Perennials
Eurybia.....	Perennials	Waldsteinia.....	Groundcover
Ferns.....	Perennials	Xanthorhiza.....	Perennials
Geranium.....	Perennials	Yucca.....	Perennials
Geum.....	Perennials	Zizia.....	Perennials

Grasses and Grass-like Plants

RECOMMENDED PLANT SPACING:

<u>Spacing</u>	<u>Common plant sizes</u>	<u>Square feet per plant</u>
6" centers	32ct.	.25 sq. ft.
8" centers	32ct.	.44 sq. ft.
10" centers	32ct., 24ct., 18ct.	.69 sq. ft.
12" centers	32ct., 24ct., 18ct., 10ct.	1.00 sq. ft.
15" centers	18ct., 10ct.	1.56 sq. ft.
18" centers	#1, #2, #3 container	2.25 sq. ft.
24" centers	#1, #2, #3 container	4.00 sq. ft.

Generally grasses are spaced 12-24" apart, sometimes farther for the larger varieties. The distance between the plants is based on the size of the plants used, the expected growth rate, and the budget that the installer has to work with.

$$\text{sq. ft. of job} \div \text{sq. ft. per plant} = \text{number of plants required}$$

Example: 1,000 square feet using 32ct flats planted on 6" centers

$$1,000 \text{ sq. ft.} \div .25 = 4,000 \text{ plants}$$

$$4,000 \text{ plants} \div 32 = 125 \text{ flats}$$


Acorus	Zone 5-9
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Golden Sweet Flag, Japanese Sweet Flag	 
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Acorus is not a true grass, but is a grass-like plant that makes an excellent groundcover. It grows well in some shade, loves edges of woods and ponds, and can even grow in several inches of water.

gramineus ‘Ogon’	yellow	6-12”	Jun-Jul
38ct.....	1.50 (57.00/flat)		


Ammophila	Native	Zone 5-10
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American Beach Grass, Dune Grass, Marram Grass	
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A leafy, spreading grass native to North America’s sandy beaches and dunes. Commonly found around Lake Michigan. Wind and salt tolerant, but cannot withstand regular foot traffic.

breviligulata	green	30”	Jul-Sep
50ct Deep	1.75 (87.50/flat)		

Andropogon	Native	Zone 4-10
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Big Bluestem	
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The species is a native with lush green foliage that turns a rich orange and copper-red in the fall. ‘Black Hawks’, (PP# 27,949) bred by Brent Horvath of Intrinsic Perennial Gardens in Chicago, features dark green foliage with purple highlights that turn almost black. *Andropogon* ‘Black Hawks’ (PP#27,949) is the 2026 Perennial Plant of the Year®.

gerardii ‘Black Hawks’ (PP# 27,949)	green purple to blk	60-72”	Sep-Nov
g. ‘Dancing Wind’ (PP# 26,892)	bicolor grn-red dk red to scarlet	72”	Aug-Nov
g. ‘Holy Smoke’ (PP# 33,929)	silvered smokey purple to red	72-84”	Sep-Nov
50ct Deep	2.35 (117.50/flat)		
18ct.....	4.60 (82.80/flat)		
#1 container.....	10.20		
#3 container.....	29.25		

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but these and other sizes can be grown upon request.

Bouteloua	Native	Zone	Varies
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Grama Grass, Side Oats Grama, Blue Grama, Mosquito Grass 

A warm season grass that is very drought tolerant. The Side Oats Grama common name refers to the *curtipendula* species, which has oat-like seed pods that hang along one side of the stem. The *curtipendula* species is less hardy (only zone 4) and has green foliage that turns golden with hints of orange and red in fall. Flowers are purplish spikelets that turn straw color.

The *gracilis* species (commonly called Blue Grama or Mosquito Grass) that Twixwood grows, originally came from the Bad River area of South Dakota as a recognized genotype. *B. gracilis* foliage is more blue in color and the seeds hang down from horizontal seed spikes at the tip of the stem, looking like hovering insects. ‘Blonde Ambition’ (PP# 22,048) is a newer cultivar with striking golden-blond seed heads. Well-drained soil is especially critical for winter survival in the North. ‘Honeycomb’ (PP#33,101) is similar but with darker seed heads and is believed to be hardier and more suitable for Northern regions.

curtipendula	green purple	12-20"	Z4	July-Aug
gracilis (Bad River Genotype)	bluish purple	9-18"	Z3	June-Aug
50ct Deep	1.21 (60.50/flat)			
18ct.....	2.50 (45.00/flat)			
#1 container.....	7.55			
g. ‘Honeycomb’ (PP# 33,101)	green tan	12-30"	Z5	Jun-Aug
50ct Deep	2.35 (117.50/flat)			
18ct.....	4.60 (82.80/flat)			
#1 container.....	10.20			
g. ‘Blonde Ambition’ (PP # 22,048)*	bluish golden	12-30"	Z6	June-Aug

*Availability will be limited.

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but these and other sizes can be grown upon request.

Calamagrostis	Zone 4-9
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Feather Reed Grass, Korean Reed Grass 

The *brachytricha* species (Korean Reed Grass) is a slow spreading grass with pinkish plumes.

The *x acutiflora* species are commonly called Feather Reed Grass. ‘Karl Foerster’ is noted for its very upright form and was the 2001 Perennial Plant of the Year®.

brachytricha	green pinkish	36-48"	Sep-Nov
x acutiflora ‘Karl Foerster’	green pinkish	36-60"	May-Nov
50ct Deep	1.21 (60.50/flat)		
18ct.....	2.50 (45.00/flat)		
#1 container.....	7.55		
#2 container.....	15.50		
#3 container.....	21.25		

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but these and other sizes can be grown upon request.

Carex	Native	Zone Varies
Sedge		

Sedges are not true grasses, but are grass-like plants that are becoming increasingly popular as groundcovers, or lawn alternatives, as well as accent plants. Twixwood continues to add varieties as we find ones that perform well and for which there is a demand. There is a wide variety of shade/sunlight tolerance, hardiness zones, foliage colors, and growth habits.

C. albicans (White-tinged or Oak Sedge) is native to most of America east of the Rockies and usually found in dry, upland forest settings. Narrow, bright green blades form 15-20" tufts.

C. appalachica (Appalachian Sedge) is a native found predominantly in dry deciduous forests and clearings.

C. amphibola (Creek Sedge or Eastern Narrowleaf Sedge) is native to the deciduous forests of much of the eastern US into the South and Southern prairie states. It is often found on the slopes rising from streams. Fountain shaped clumps of narrow foliage. Does have a tendency to reseed.

C. bicknellii (Prairie Sedge) so-called because it grows out in the open. Can take full sun and does better in drier situations than most other sedges. It is also one of the taller native sedges.

C. blanda (Common Wood Sedge) is a very versatile native able to handle both sun and shade as well as most soil types. Spreads by rhizomes so can be an aggressive *Carex* to fill in empty spaces.

C. brevior (Plains Oval Sedge) is a versatile native for sun to part shade that can take wet to dry soils. Small, green oval spikelets turn into brown, prickly seed heads. Formerly known as *Carex festucacea* var. *brevior* and also known by the common name of Shortbeak Sedge.

C. bromoides (Brome Hummock Sedge) is a wetland sedge that can even tolerate standing water at times. Forms dense tussocks. In full sun, the centers of these clumps may begin to thin, but this can be remedied by lifting and dividing the plant in the spring or fall. Native to Eastern North America and found mostly in the Northeast, Northern Mid-Atlantic, and the Great Lakes Region.

C. BUNNY BLUE®. See next page under *C. laxiculmis*.

C. eburnea (Bristle-Leaf Sedge) has fine, needle-shaped green foliage that gives it a delicate appearance, but it is highly adaptable to heat and drought. It handles dry conditions best with more shade. Clump forming. Native from Newfoundland to Alaska and south to Virginia and Texas.

C. elata 'Aurea' (Bowles' Golden Sedge) is a distinct European cultivar that has golden leaves with thin green margins. Will grow in 2-3" of water but won't tolerate drought. Best color is in full sun with continually moist soil.

C. emoryi (Emory's or Riverbank Sedge) is a native wetland sedge with long white seed heads that turn to brown crown-like tips over the course of blooming. It is considered endangered in New York.

Continued on Next Page

Carex (continued)

C. 'Evergold' (Evergold Sedge) is a Japanese cultivar usually considered a member of the *oshimensis* species but sometimes assigned to *hachijoensis* or even *morrowii*. Narrow creamy-white to yellow cascading leaves with deep green margins. Prefers partial sun and moist soil, but will tolerate other conditions.

*C. FEATHER FALLS*TM ('ET CRX01' PP# 26,199) is a vigorous, very large *Carex* that will work in almost any location. Tolerates full sun without burning and does well in full shade as well. Clumping habit grows 12-18" tall but foliage cascades out to 3' or more. A great substitute for *Liriope*. Variegated foliage has a dark green center with creamy margins.

C. flacca 'Blue Zinger' (Blue Zinger Sedge) is a cultivar of the Mediterranean species selected for its striking blue foliage. Prefers moist soils, even 1-2" of standing water, but established plants may be able to handle some drought. Prefers some shade. Spreads by rhizomes.

C. 'Ice Dance' (Ice Dance Sedge) is a common variegated cultivar with dark green leaves edged with a very distinct, bright white stripe down each side. 'Ice Dance' was discovered in Japan and probably belongs to the *morrowii* species. Moderate spreader that prefers moist soil and has best color in shade. May benefit from a winter mulch in northern climates.

C. laxiculmis 'Hobb' (BUNNY BLUE® Sedge) grows in a dense, rounded clump of 1/2" wide blue-green leaves. Insignificant flower spikes in late spring. The species (*C. laxiculmis*) that BUNNY BLUE® was selected from is native to the rich, wooded areas of Eastern North America.

*C. MOON FALLS*TM ('ET CRX904' PP# 35,022) is from the same breeding program as FEATHER FALLSTM (see above) but with a slightly smaller habit and with more golden reversed variegation: green edges with a golden center.

C. muskingumensis (Palm Sedge) a native found in areas of temporary standing water such as wooded swamps and river floodplains. It will grow in shallow waters (3-4" deep) and should never be allowed to dry out. Prefers some sun and can flop in heavy shade. Spreads by rhizomes.

C. muskingumensis 'Oehme' (Variegated Palm Sedge). This cultivar was reportedly discovered growing in the garden of renowned landscape architect Wolfgang Oehme. It features green leaves with variegated yellow margins. It may be more clumping than the species.

C. pensylvanica (Pennsylvania Sedge) is one of the most popular sedges, particularly as a dry shade groundcover due to its slow spreading nature. One of the few sedges that prefers well-drained soil. A Roy Diblik favorite that he says may one day replace *Pachysandra*. Native to the Northeast and as far south as Mississippi and Georgia.

C. pensylvanica 'Straw Hat' (PP# 29,432) was selected by Brent Horvath of Intrinsic Perennial Gardens for its very prominent yellow flowers.

C. plantaginea (Seersucker Sedge) has very wide foliage (1") compared to most of the other sedges we grow. It is native to the Northeastern US.

Continued on Next Page

Carex (continued)

C. radiata (Eastern Star or Straight-Styled Wood Sedge) is native to Eastern North America from Newfoundland to Georgia. Prefers wet to moist soils in part shade.

*C. RIBBON FALLS*TM ('ET CRX02' PP# 29,950) is from the same breeding program and with the same habit as *FEATHER FALLS*TM (see above), but with rich, dark, glossy green foliage.

C. stricta (Common Tussock Sedge) is native to much of Eastern North America from North Dakota, Ontario, and Quebec south to Missouri, Tennessee and North Carolina. Spreads by rhizomes to form large colonies in wet areas. Tolerates some shade. Can be aggressive and hard to contain in average garden conditions.

C. vulpinoidea (Fox Sedge) prefers very wet soils and full sun. One of the most common native sedges. The seed heads resemble a fox's tail, but don't last long.

C. woodii (Pretty Sedge) has fine-textured foliage similar to *C. pensylvanica*, but forms a denser mat that is better at weed suppression. Spreads slowly by rhizomes. Prefers some shade but in trials it handled full sun better than most *Carex*. Top performing *Carex* in Mt. Cuba Center trials. Native from Ontario south into Georgia and west to Minnesota and Illinois. Most common around the Great Lakes.

Continued on Next Page

Carex (continued)

appalachica	(Appalachian Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	6-12"	Zone 4-8	
bromoides	(Brome Hummock Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	15-24"	Zone 4-8	
'Evergold'	(Evergold Sedge)		9-12"	Zone 5-9	
flacca 'Blue Zinger'	(Blue Zinger Sedge)		12-18"	Zone 5-9	
'Ice Dance'	(Ice Dance Sedge)		9-12"	Zone 5-9	
pennsylvanica	(Pennsylvania Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	6-12"	Zone 3-8	
50ct Deep	1.75 (87.50/flat)				
18ct.....	3.25 (58.50/flat)				
#1 container.....	8.95				
albicans	(White-tinged Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	15-20"	Zone 4-8	
amphibola	(Creek Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	12-18"	Zone 3-9	
bicknellii	(Prairie Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	18-36"	Zone 3-7	
blanda	(Common Wood Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	24"	Zone 3-9	
brevior	(Plains Oval Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	24-48"	Zone 3-8	
eburnea	(Bristle-Leaf Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	6-12"	Zone 2-8	
elata 'Aurea'	(Bowles' Golden Sedge)		18-30"	Zone 5-9	
emoryi	(Emory's Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	20-26"	Zone 5-9	
muskingumensis	(Palm Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	24-36"	Zone 4-9	
m. 'Oehme'	(Variegated Palm Sedge)		12-24"	Zone 4-9	
pennsylvanica 'Straw Hat'	(PP# 29,432)		12"	Zone 4-8	
plantaginea	(Seersucker Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	8-12"	Zone 4-8	
radiata	(Eastern Star or Straight-Styled Wood Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	24"	Zone 4-8	
stricta	(Common Tussock Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	12-36"	Zone 3-8	
vulpinoidea	(Fox Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	12-36"	Zone 3-7	
woodii	(Pretty Sedge)	<i>Native</i>	6-12"	Zone 4-8	
50ct Deep	2.35 (117.50/flat)				
18ct.....	4.60 (82.80/flat)				
#1 container.....	10.20				
BUNNY BLUE® (laxiculmis 'Hobb')			6-12"	Zone 5-9	
FEATHER FALLS™ ('ET CRX01' PP# 26,199)			12-18"	Zone 5-9	
MOON FALLS™ ('ET CRX904' PP# 35,022)			10-12"	Zone 5-9	
RIBBON FALLS™ ('ET CRX02' PP# 29,950)			12-18"	Zone 5-9	
#1 container.....	11.95				
#2 container.....	25.00				

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but these and other sizes can be grown upon request.

Chasmanthium	Native	Zone 3-8
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Northern Sea Oats, River Oats, Wood Oats



A Midwest native most distinguished by its flat, drooping seed heads. Grows in partial shade. Tolerates black walnut trees. Plants will reseed and may spread rapidly in optimum conditions.

latifolium green | green-purplish 36-48" Aug-Sep

50ct Deep 1.21 (60.50/flat)

18ct..... 2.50 (45.00/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55

#3 container..... 21.25

Other sizes can be grown upon request.

Deschampsia	Native	Zone 4-9
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Tufted Hair Grass



Semi-evergreen foliage forms low, dense tussocks with flowers on 2-3' stems of varying shades of gold, silver, purple, and green. 'Goldtau' (Gold Dew) is more compact than the species and has lovely golden yellow flowers.

cespitosa green | gold 24-36" Jul-Sep

c. 'Goldtau' green | gold 12-24" Jul-Sep

50ct Deep 1.21 (60.50/flat)

18ct..... 2.50 (45.00/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55

#3 container..... 21.25

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but these and other sizes can be grown upon request.

Eragrostis	Native	Zone 5-9
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Purple Love Grass, Sand Love Grass




Native to most of the US. Clouds of tiny, pink seed heads over 10" mats of twisty green foliage starting in late-spring through fall. Tolerates infertile soil and drought. Plants spread by self-seeding and rooting along the ground. Seed heads detach and roll in the wind like tumbleweeds.

spectabilis green | pink 12-24" Jul-Aug

#1 container..... 10.20

Festuca

Zone 4-9

Fescue, Blue Fescue, Sheep’s Fescue 

‘Elijah Blue’ is the standard Blue Fescue. ‘Cool As Ice’ (PP# 27,651) is a bit bluer in color and holds the blue longer with less browning out.

The ‘Glow Sticks’ cultivar is a selection of the common lawn grass, *F. arundinacea* (Tall Fescue). It forms a 12” wide evergreen clump of dark green foliage which is topped in June with an incredible show of lemon yellow flower stalks. Can be grown in shade but prefers full sun and moist, well-drained soil.

arundinacea ‘Glow Sticks’ (PP#34,648)	dark green yellow	24-36”	Jun-Jul
‘Cool As Ice’ (PP # 27,651)	blue	12-18”	Jun-Jul
glauca ‘Elijah Blue’	blue	9-12”	Jun-Jul
50ct Deep	2.35 (117.50/flat)		
18ct.....	4.60 (82.80/flat)		
#1 container.....	10.20		

All sizes are not maintained in all varieties.

Harpochloa

Zone 5-9

FREEDA® Caterpillar Grass 

A South African native introduced by Plant Select®. Compact, dark-green, needle-like foliage turns dark chocolate in winter. In the summer, 3” long blackish, arching seedheads hang above the foliage resembling caterpillars. Prefers full sun and well-drained soil. Drought tolerant.

FREEDA® (falx ‘Compact Black’)	green black	18-20”	Jul-Aug
50ct Deep	2.35 (117.50/flat)		
#1 container.....	10.20		

Twixwood is in early production trialing of this plant. Limited quantities may be available late in the season.

Liriope - See Groundcover Section

Miscanthus**Zone 5-9**

Chinese Silver Grass, Maiden Grass, Eulalia Grass, Japanese Silver Grass



Miscanthus have been standard ornamental grasses for many years. *Miscanthus sinensis* cultivars are generally considered hardy to Zone 5.

Many varieties can heavily self-seed which has led to *Miscanthus* being considered borderline, if not, invasive. For example, check out the study done by the Chicago Botanic Garden. Twixwood recommends substituting natives and nativars such as *Panicum* and *Schizachyrium* varieties whenever possible. BANDWIDTH, HIGH FREQUENCY, MY FAIR MAIDEN™, and SCOUT™ have been bred for infertility making them safer to plant.

BANDWIDTH (‘NCMS2B’ PP# 29,460) is a compact plant with sterile seeds. Yellow bands on green foliage similar to ‘Strictus’ but half the height. Rust resistant.

‘Gracillimus’ is the standard Maiden Grass with narrow green leaves, a silver midrib, and feathery bronze-red seed blooms that turn silver in winter.

HIGH FREQUENCY (‘NCNS3’ PP# 34,712) is tall and columnar with yellow bands on green foliage. Rust resistant and infertile.

‘Little Kitten’ is an extremely dwarf *Miscanthus* with narrow green leaves and silvery plumes.

‘Morning Light’ has narrow leaves with white variegation on the margin. Reddish flower plumes turn silvery in winter.

MY FAIR MAIDEN™ (s. ‘NCMS1’ PP# 26,387). Wide green foliage with showy plumes this classic vase shaped *Miscanthus* is also part of the North Carolina State University infertile grass program. Similar to ‘Strictus’.

SCOUT™ (s. ‘M77’ PP# 30,402). Similar to ‘Gracillimus’ but infertile. Slender green blades with white midribs. Fluffy, pink to beige flowers.

BANDWIDTH (s. ‘NCMS2B’ PP# 29,460)	grn w/ yellow bands	30-36”	Aug-Nov
HIGH FREQUENCY (s. ‘NCNS3’ PP# 34,712)	grn w/ yellow bands	80-86”	Aug-Nov
MY FAIR MAIDEN™ (s. ‘NCMS1’ PP# 26,387)	green white	72-96”	Aug-Nov
SCOUT™ (s. ‘M77’ PP# 30,402)	grn & silver beige	60-72”	Aug-Nov
<i>sinensis</i> ‘Gracillimus’	grn & silver bronze	48-84”	Aug-Nov
s. ‘Little Kitten’	green white	12-36”	Aug-Nov
s. ‘Morning Light’	grn & white red-wht	48-60”	Aug-Nov

1 container..... 10.20

#3 container..... 29.25

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but these and other sizes can be grown upon request.

Panicum	Native	Zone 5-9
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Switch Grass 

Switch Grass is a native prairie staple. The *virgatum* species has green, 3' foliage with pinkish tinged flower panicles that rise to 6'. Foliage turns yellow in fall.

‘Heavy Metal’ features 3’ columnar clumps of metallic blue leaves that turn yellow in fall. Pink tinged blooms extend to 5’.

‘Northwind’ is one of the best vertical forms of Switch Grass. Leaves are olive to bluish-green and flowers are yellow. A Roy Diblik selection.

‘Prairie Dog’ (PP# 32,736) is a Brent Horvath introduction from Intrinsic Perennial Gardens. It was selected for a more reserved habit, upright like ‘Northwind’ but with coloring more like ‘Heavy Metal’ with wide blue leaves.

‘Purple Tears’ (PP# 28,518) was discovered by Piet Oudolf in his nursery in Hummelo, Netherlands. Flower spikes are soft gray with purple seed heads.

‘Shenandoah’ is one of the best red Switch Grasses. Blue-green foliage turns red by late June. Reddish-pink flowers turn beige as they mature.

virgatum	green-yellow pink	36-72”	Jul-Nov
v. ‘Heavy Metal’	blue pink	48-60”	Jul-Nov
v. ‘Northwind’	green yellow	48-72”	Jul-Nov
v. ‘Shenandoah’	blue-red pink-beige	36-48”	Jul-Nov

50ct Deep	1.21 (60.50/flat)
18ct.....	2.50 (45.00/flat)
#1 container.....	7.55
#2 container.....	15.50
#3 container.....	21.25

v. 'Prairie Dog' (PP# 32,736)	blue purple	48-60"	Jul-Nov
50ct Deep	1.75 (87.50/flat)		
18ct.....	3.25 (58.50/flat)		
#1 container.....	8.95		

v. 'Purple Tears' (PP# 28,518)	green purple	36-48"	Jul-Nov
#1 container.....	10.20		

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but these and other sizes can be grown upon request.

Pennisetum	Zone 5-9
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Fountain Grass	
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Fountain Grasses prefer full sun and may not bloom as much in partial shade. They may not be completely hardy throughout Zone 5. A vigorous, clump forming grass with bottle-brush flower plumes. The cultivars we offer are more compact than the species and have various colors of seed heads.

‘Hameln’ is the standard Fountain Grass, shorter, more compact and consistent than the species.

‘Piglet’ (PP# 19,074) is a strong introduction that stays especially short and compact from Brent Horvath of Intrinsic Perennial Gardens.

alopecuroides ‘Hameln’	green silver-brown	18-30”	Aug-Oct
a. ‘Piglet’ (PP# 19,074)	green white	9-18”	Aug-Oct
50ct Deep	1.75 (87.50/flat)		
18ct.....	3.25 (58.50/flat)		
#1 container.....	8.95		
#2 container.....	18.50		
#3 container.....	25.25		

Not all varieties are maintained in all sizes.

Schizachyrium	Native	Zone 3-9
Little Bluestem		

Schizachyrium scoparium and cultivars were the 2022 Perennial Plant of the Year®.

Little Bluestem grasses (formerly classified as *Andropogon scoparius*) are some of the hardiest ornamental grasses. Native to the Canadian Provinces and south through the US all the way to Arizona and Florida. Clumps of slender green leaves with blue bases feature purplish-bronze flowers. Foliage turns bronze-orange in fall.

‘Blue Heaven’ (PP# 17,310) was developed by the University of Minnesota. It is slightly taller and stays upright when most others lodge*. Blue-gray foliage turns burgundy in fall.

‘Carousel’ (PP# 20,948) is a Chicagoland Grows® introduction selected for its compact, rounded habit. Upright green stems with touches of pink. Insignificant flowers.

‘Chameleon’ (PP# 31,339) is a new, variegated cultivar with bright white and green stripes that develop a flush of pink. Has a compact habit.

‘Ha Ha Tonka’ (PP# 32,374) was selected by Cassian Schmidt and Piet Oudolf from seed collected from native plants growing in Missouri. Blue-green foliage has fine hairs that catch the light and create a halo effect. The foliage has segments of red-orange and gray and a very rigid, upright habit.

‘Jazz’ is a sport of ‘The Blues’ selected by Brent Horvath of Intrinsic Perennial Gardens for its shorter form. Less prone to lodging*. Blue foliage turns purple in fall and features purplish flowers.

‘Little Red Fox’ (PPAF) is a shorter Little Bluestem from Brent Horvath of Intrinsic Perennial Gardens with gray and green spring foliage that quickly deepens and turns to the red side in mid-to-late summer.

‘Sandhill’ (PPAF) offers upright, powder blue plants that are taller and have wider foliage than most other Little Bluestems. Fall color leans toward creamy orange and purple with other colors through the season. Another introduction from Brent Horvath of Intrinsic Perennial Gardens.

‘Shining Star’ (PP# 33,433) has unique green and creamy white variegated foliage. Foliage appears blue, and in cool weather the tips of the leaves will blush pale pink and darken to deep pink with burgundy and green stripes. Flowers are held upright and resist lodging.

‘Standing Ovation’ (PP# 25,202) has wider leaves that are blue with red tips. Foliage turns reddish maroon in fall and doesn’t brown out. Seldom lodges*.

‘The Blues’ has slender blue leaves with pinkish stems. Purplish flowers appear in August and foliage turns burgundy-red in fall.

‘Twilight Zone’ (PP# 27,432) has iridescent, silvery-mauve foliage that appears mid-summer, earlier than other cultivars. Very upright, columnar habit.

Continued on Next Page

Schizachyrium (continued)

scoparium	green blue purplish	24-48"	Aug-Nov
s. 'Jazz'	blue purple	24"	Aug-Nov
s. 'The Blues'	blue purple	24-36"	Aug-Nov
50ct Deep	1.75 (87.50/flat)		
18ct.....	3.25 (58.50/flat)		
#1 container.....	8.95		
#3 container.....	25.25		
litorale	blue green purplish	12-24"	Aug-Nov
scoparium Blue Heaven® (‘MinnblueA’ PP# 17,310)	blue purple	36-48"	Aug-Nov
s. 'Carousel' (PP# 20,948)	green with pink	24-30"	Aug-Nov
s. 'Little Red Fox' (PPAF)	gray green to red red	24-30"	Aug-Nov
a. 'Sandhill' (PPAF)	wide pwdr blue to org purp red	48"	Aug-Nov
s. 'Standing Ovation' (PP# 25,202)	blue purple	36-48"	Aug-Nov
50ct Deep	2.35 (117.50/flat)		
18ct.....	4.60 (82.80/flat)		
#1 container.....	10.20		
#3 container.....	29.25		
s. 'Chameleon' (PP# 31,339)	white w/ grn var to pink	18-24"	Aug-Nov
s. 'Ha Ha Tonka' (PP# 32,374)	hairy blue green brown	40-48"	Aug-Nov
s. 'Shining Star' (PP# 33,433)	grn w/ cream wht var to blue	15-18"	Aug-Nov
s. 'Twilight Zone' (PP# 27,432)	silver mauve brown	48-54"	Aug-Nov
#1 container.....	11.95		

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but these and other sizes can be grown upon request.

*Lodging is a technical term used to describe the tendency of some *Schizachyrium* to flop and lay over. This is quite natural in the species and can provide an interesting look in a prairie or mass planting but may not be what is expected in all settings. Newer cultivars are being bred to resist lodging. Lodging tends to be greater with heavy watering and high nutrient levels.

Sesleria**Zone 5-8**

Autumn Moor Grass



A native to the moors of Southeastern Europe. Clump forming with narrow yellow-green foliage and flower spikes that rise to 18". 'Greenlee Hybrid' is shorter and tends to stay greener. Both have purple tinged flowers in the summer.

autumnalis	yellow-green	12-18"	Sep-Oct
'Greenlee Hybrid'	blue-green	10-12"	Sep-Oct
50ct Deep	1.21 (60.50/flat)		
18ct.....	2.50 (45.00/flat)		
#1 container.....	7.55		
#3 container.....	21.25		

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but these and other sizes can be grown upon request.

Sorghastrum**Zone 3-9**

Yellow Prairie Grass



The *Sorghastrum nutans* species is one of the four dominant native grasses to the tallgrass prairies. Golden Sunset® ('MNYG318153' PP# 33,776) was selected for its upright stature, clean olive-green foliage and numerous early yellow and golden-bronze flowers. This selection remains upright and does not lodge or fall over like the species. It's been called the "Native Karl Foerster" for its resemblance. Golden Sunset® ('MNYG318153' PP# 33,776) was selected by Mary Meyers of the University of Minnesota who also selected *Schizachyrium s. Blue Heaven*® ('MinnblueA' PP# 17,310).

nutans Golden Sunset®	green yellow	48-72"	Aug-Nov
('MNYG318153' PP# 33,776)			
#1 container.....	11.95		

Sporobolus**Native****Zone 3-9**

Prairie Dropseed, Northern Dropseed



This native prairie grass forms clumps of fine green leaves that turn golden-orange in fall. Open flower panicles rising above the foliage are most noted for their sweet fragrance. 'Tara' is a dwarf version with a more upright habit.

heterolepis	green pink	24-36"	Aug-Oct
h. 'Tara'	green pink	12-24"	Aug-Oct
50ct Deep	1.21 (60.50/flat)		
18ct.....	2.50 (45.00/flat)		
#1 container.....	7.55		
#2 container.....	15.50		
#3 container.....	21.25		

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but these and other sizes can be grown upon request.

*The evening sky –
Storm clouds parted, clearing view.
Strolling gravel paths.*

*Early autumn air
Cooling skin as I walk among
Full polyhouses.*

*Ground cover, grasses,
Pachysandra, Mazus,
Sagina, Sedum.*

*Silently gliding
Among the polyhouses.
The smell of fresh dirt.*

*Planting crews are gone.
Growing houses are covered.
Plants inside protected.*

*Winter will bring cold.
Plants will be nurtured and warmed.
Kept safe to take root.*

*The return of Spring,
Landscape wishes and wants,
Beautiful front yard.*

*A quiet escape.
The birthing of new plant life.
Here am I nurtured.*

*Haiku – The Nursery
By Jeffrey D. Collins*

Perennials

RECOMMENDED PLANT SPACING:

<u>Spacing</u>	<u>Common plant sizes</u>	<u>Square feet per plant</u>
6" centers	32ct.	.25 sq. ft.
8" centers	32ct.	.44 sq. ft.
10" centers	32ct., 24ct., 18ct.	.69 sq. ft.
12" centers	32ct., 24ct., 18ct., 10ct.	1.00 sq. ft.
15" centers	18ct., 10ct.	1.56 sq. ft.
18" centers	#1, #2, #3 container	2.25 sq. ft.
24" centers	#1, #2, #3 container	4.00 sq. ft.

Generally perennials are spaced 12-24" apart. The distance between the plants is based on the size of the plants used, the expected growth rate, and the budget that the installer has to work with.

$$\text{sq. ft. of job} \div \text{sq. ft. per plant} = \text{number of plants required}$$

Example: 1,000 square feet using 32ct flats planted on 6" centers

$$1,000 \text{ sq. ft.} \div .25 = 4,000 \text{ plants} \qquad 4,000 \text{ plants} \div 32 = 125 \text{ flats}$$

Achillea	Native	Zone 3-8
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Yarrow



Fragrant, fern-like foliage with showy flower heads. Excellent for use in dried flower arrangements. Yarrow does well in hot, dry conditions. 'Peter Cottontail' (PP# 31,756) is a very showy type of *Achillea* featuring ivory white flowers reminiscent of Baby's Breath.

'Moonshine'	yellow	12-24"	Jun-Sep
'Oertel's Rose'	rose-pink	12-15"	Jun-Sep
millefolium 'Paprika'	red	18-24"	Jun-Sep

38ct..... 1.50 (57.00/flat)

#1 container..... 6.95

ptarmica 'Peter Cottontail' (PP# 31,756)	white	18-24"	Jun-Sep
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38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55

millefolium (<i>Native</i>)	white	12-36"	Jun-Sep
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#1 container..... 10.20

Other sizes can be grown upon request.

Aconitum	Zone Varies
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Monkshood, Wolfsbane



Tall stems of striking blue flowers shaped like a monk's hood. These European natives grow naturally in mountain meadows with rich, moist, but well-drained soils. *Aconitum napellus* may require staking, but 'Arendsii' is one of the strongest stemmed varieties and *A. fischeri* is also strong enough on its own. *Aconitum* are poisonous if ingested and can cause skin irritation.

carmichaelii 'Arendsii'	deep blue	24-38"	Z3	Sep-Oct
fischeri	lavender-blue	18-24"	Z4	Jul-Aug
napellus	deep purplish blue	24-48"	Z3	Jul-Aug

#1 container..... 10.20

Actaea (aka Cimicifuga)**Zone 5-8**

Bugbane



A Piet Oudolf introduction from Future Plants. Dark purple foliage contrasts nicely with the white flowers. 'Queen of Sheba'® (PP# 21,727) is a hybrid between the Asian (*A. simplex*) and the American (*A. racemosa*) species. It can reach 5' tall with a 2' spread when mature. Can tolerate sun with sufficient moisture but prefers partial shade. Berries are poisonous to people and rabbits but harmless to birds and butterflies. *Actaea* were formerly in the genus *Cimicifuga*.

'Queen of Sheba'® (PP# 21,727)

white

48-60"

Sep-Oct

'White Pearl'

white

36-48"

Aug-Sep

#1 container..... 19.50

Agastache**Zone 5-9**

Giant Hyssop, Anise Hyssop, Purple Giant Hyssop, Hummingbird Mint



Fragrant foliage and plentiful flowers attract butterflies right through the heat of summer. Drought and heat tolerant. Needs good drainage. May have questionable hardiness in Zone 5.

'Blue Fortune'

lavender blue

24-36"

Jul-Sep

38ct..... 1.50 (57.00/flat)

#1 container..... 6.95

Other sizes can be grown upon request.

Alchemilla**Zone 3-7**

Lady's Mantle



Fuzzy green leaves trap morning dew in reflective droplets. Can self-seed and works well in mass plantings or even as a groundcover.

mollis 'Thriller'

yellow green

12-24"

June

#1 container..... 6.95

Other sizes can be grown upon request.

Allium	Native	Zone	Varies
Ornamental or Wild Chives/Onions/Garlic, Nodding Onion			



A. cernuum (Nodding Onion, hardy to Zone 4) is native to North America. Loves rocky landscapes and works well on greenroofs. Will self-seed.

'Big Beauty' (PP# 34,306) (hardy to Zone 4) is an introduction from Brent Horvath of Intrinsic Perennial Gardens noted for its extra wide foliage and robust habit. Soft pink flowers. Slightly taller than 'Summer Beauty'

'Chivette' (PP# 30,151) (hardy to Zone 4) is an introduction from Brent Horvath of Intrinsic Perennial Gardens. Its season-long kelly green foliage starts upright and relaxes as the season progresses. Lavender flowers have a dark purple stripe on each petal. Mostly sterile. Both foliage and flowers are edible.

'Millenium' (hardy at least to Zone 5) is nearly identical to 'Summer Beauty', but we have found it usually blooms a few weeks later, making them excellent choices to plant together for extended bloom time. Perennial Plant of the Year® in 2018.

'Summer Beauty' (hardy at least to Zone 5) has become the standard in *Allium* plantings due to its vigorous and reliable performance. Combines nicely with 'Millenium' (see above) due to similarity, but differing bloom times for extended color.

'Windy City' (PP# 28,100) (hardy at least to Zone 5) is an introduction by Brent Horvath of Intrinsic Perennial Gardens with deeper purple blooms.

'Summer Beauty'	purple	12-18"	Z5	Jun-Jul
50ct.....	1.21 (60.50/flat)			
10ct.....	2.90 (29.00/flat)			
#1 container.....	7.55			
'Big Beauty' (PP# 34,306)	pink	18-24"	Z4	Jul-Aug
cernuum	pink	14-18"	Z4	Jul-Aug
'Chivette' (PP# 30,151)	lavender	12-15"	Z4	May-Jun
'Millenium'	purple	12-18"	Z5	Jul-Aug
'Windy City' (PP# 28,100)	dark purple	15-18"	Z5	Jun-Jul
50ct.....	1.75 (87.50/flat)			
10ct.....	4.10 (41.00/flat)			
#1 container.....	8.95			

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but these and other sizes can be grown upon request.

Amsonia	Native	Zone	Varies
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Narrow Leaf Blue Star, Blue Star			
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‘Blue Ice’ (hardy to Zone 4) is similar to the native *tabernaemontana* with willow-like leaves that are wider than the *hubrichtii* and *ciliata* species.

The *hubrichtii* and *ciliata* species (considered hardy to Zone 5) are native to the south central United States and feature fine, needle-like leaves that turn golden with hints of orange in fall.

‘Storm Cloud’ is a Proven Winners® cultivar with stems that emerge near black in the spring. Leaves are dark green with silver veins.

‘Halfway to Arkansas’, ‘Midway to Montana’, and ‘Fontana’ are Brent Horvath introductions from Intrinsic Perennial Gardens.

‘Verdant Venture’ (PP# 33,415) was developed by Jim Ault at the Chicago Botanic Garden and features lush, dark green foliage with threadlike leaves that turn golden in the fall.

‘Blue Ice’	dark lavender blue	12-18”	Z4	May
ciliata ‘Halfway to Arkansas’	pale blue	24-36”	Z5	May
hubrichtii	powdery blue	24-36”	Z5	Apr-May
‘Midway to Montana’	light blue	24-36”	Z4	May
tabernaemontana ‘Fontana’	blue	36”	Z4	May-Jun

38ct..... 1.50 (57.00/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55

ciliata var. tenuifolia ‘Verdant Venture’ (PP# 33,415)	light blue to violet	28”	Z5	May
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38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

t. ‘Storm Cloud’ (Proven Winners®)	periwinkle blue	24-30”	Z4	May
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#1 container..... 11.95

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but these and other sizes can be grown upon request.

Anemone	Native	Zone	Varies
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Windflower, Japanese Anemone, Snowdrop Windflower



Prefers rich, well-drained soil in moist, semi-shaded areas. *Anemones* are spreading perennials that make great groundcovers, especially the North American native *canadensis* species (Zone 3) and the European native *sylvestris* (Zone 4). 'Honorine Jobert' (Zone 4) is also known as 'Alba' and is sometimes sold under the species name *japonica* instead of *hybrida*. It features single white flowers. 'Robustissima' (Zone 4) is commonly called Grapeleaf Anemone and features single light pink flowers.

The Spring Beauty™ Series are new hybrids from AB Cultivars. Spring blooming flowers resemble those of *A. sylvestris* (one of the parents). Flowers are mostly upright, held well above the foliage.

<i>canadensis</i> (Native)*	white	12-24"	Z3	Apr-Jun
'Honorine Jobert' (x hybrida)	white	36-48"	Z4	Aug-Sep
<i>leveillei</i>	wht w/lght blue blk	20-24"	Z5	Apr-May
'Robustissima' (tomentosa)	pink	36-48"	Z4	Sep-Oct
'September Charm' (x hybrida)	silvery-pink	24-36"	Z5	Aug-Oct
<i>sylvestris</i> *	white	12-18"	Z4	Apr

Spring Beauty™ Series

Pink ('ANEMO79' PP# 32,200)	bubblegum pink	18"	Z5	May-Jun
White ('ANEMO78' PP# 32,199)	white	18"	Z5	May-Jun

*18ct..... 7.50 (135.00/flat)

#1 container..... 11.95

Antennaria	Native	Zone	3-8
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Prairie Pussytoes, Prairie Everlasting



This mat-forming native makes a great groundcover. Stems, leaves, and flower heads (on 8-12" stalks) are woolly giving them a silvery look. It grows in dry fields and plains from Maine to Montana and south to Tennessee and Colorado. It is hardy enough to grow in Canada from the Maritime Provinces to the Northwest Territories. Grows best in lean, gritty or even rocky soil. Does not do well in rich soils. Host for the American painted lady butterfly caterpillar. Very similar to *Antennaria plantaginifolia* except somewhat smaller and having narrower, single ribbed leaves.

<i>neglecta</i>	white	6-12"	Apr-Jun
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#1 container..... 11.95

Aquilegia	Native	Zone 3-8
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Columbine



An Eastern North American native with red and yellow flowers. Red shades can vary from light pink to blood red. Flowers are drooping, bell-shaped. Prefers moist soils in light to moderate shade. Can tolerate some drought but may go dormant and die back to the ground.

canadensis	red	24-36"	Apr-May
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#1 container.....	10.20
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Aralia	Zone 4-8
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Japanese Spikenard, Mountain Asparagus, Udo



An herbaceous perennial native to Japan, Korea, and China. Young shoots are considered a culinary delicacy in Japan and taste similar to asparagus. 'Sun King' is a yellow-leaved variety. Reddish-black berries are inedible but loved by the birds. 'Sun King' was the 2020 Perennial Plant of The Year®. Reportedly deer resistant.

cordata 'Sun King'	white	36-72"	Jul-Sep
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18ct.....	4.60 (82.80/flat)
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#1 container.....	10.20
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#2 container.....	21.50
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Aruncus	Zone 3-8
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Goat's Beard



Loves moist, fertile soil with some shade. 'Horatio' and 'Misty Lace' are shrub-like crosses between the Asian *aethusifolius* species and the North American native *dioicus*. 'Misty Lace' was developed by Alan Armitage.

'Horatio'	creamy white	24-36"	Jun-Jul
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'Misty Lace'	creamy white	18-24"	May-Jun
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38ct.....	2.50 (95.00/flat)
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#1 container.....	10.20
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#2 container.....	21.50
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All varieties are not maintained in all sizes.

Asclepias	Native	Zone 3-9
Butterfly Weed, Butterfly Milkweed, Swamp Milkweed		



Asclepias species are important food sources for Monarch butterflies.

A. incarnata is the tall pink milkweed commonly called Swamp Milkweed. ‘Cinderella’ is similar but may be a bit shorter and with pinker blooms. As the common name implies, it prefers moist soil, but is surprisingly tolerant of average, well-drained soils once established.

A. sullivantii is commonly called Prairie or Smooth Milkweed. This native prefers moist prairie areas such as river bottomlands and is similar in appearance to Common Milkweed.

A. syriaca (Common Milkweed) has larger blooms and smooth stems. This native grows in drier areas, is drought tolerant once established, and can spread rapidly by rhizomes.

A. tuberosa (Butterfly Milkweed) has bright orange flower heads in summer. The ‘Gay Butterflies’ cultivar is more colorful with shades of red, orange, and yellow. This species is native to the uplands, is drought tolerant once established, and can spread rapidly by rhizomes.

A. verticillata (Whorled Milkweed) has needle-like leaves in whorls at each node along the stem. This native also prefers drier areas and is drought tolerant.

incarnata	white and pink	48-60"	Jul-Aug
i. ‘Cinderella’	pink to dk. pink	36-48"	Jul-Aug
sullivantii	pink	24-36"	Jun-Jul
syriaca	pink, mauve, white	24-36"	Jun-Aug
tuberosa	orange	12-30"	Jun-Aug
t. ‘Gay Butterflies’	red, orange, yellow	12-30"	Jun-Aug
verticillata	white	12-30"	Jun-Sep

10ct..... 4.10 (41.00/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes.

Aster - See Eurybia/Symphyotrichum

Astilbe

Zone Varies

False Spirea



Feathery flower heads provide color from spring into summer. *Astilbe* prefer moist, semi-shady conditions and are great with hostas and ferns. The *Astilbe* from Proven Winners® (‘Dark Side of the Moon’ PP# 35,461) features chocolate brown foliage for added interest all season and great contrast with the raspberry pink blooms.

We have chosen to alphabetize this list by cultivar name rather than species and to abbreviate the species names: a = *arendsii*, c = *chinensis*, j = *japonica*, s = *simplicifolia*. There is often disagreement over the species name and it may be best to leave them off altogether. We have also chosen to use the English names with the German in parentheses in most cases. ‘Pumila’ should probably be categorized as a subvariety, not a cultivar: *A. chinensis* var. *pumila*.

a. ‘Bridal Veil’ (‘Brautschleier’)	white	18-36”	Z3	June
j. ‘Deutschland’	white	18-24”	Z4	May-Jun
a. ‘Diamond’ (‘Diamant’)	white	18-24”	Z3	Jun-Jul
a. ‘Fanal’	deep red	12-18”	Z3	Jul
c. ‘Maggie Daley’	purple	24-36”	Z3	July
j. ‘Peach Blossom’	pale peach-pink	18-24”	Z4	May-Jun
c. var ‘Pumila’	mauve pink	9-12”	Z4	Jul-Aug
c. ‘Purple Candle’ (‘Purpurkerze’)	purple red	24-48”	Z4	Jun-Jul
j. ‘Rheinland’	clear pink	18-24”	Z4	May-Jun
c. ‘Visions’	pink	12-18”	Z4	Jul-Aug

#1 container..... 10.20

c. ‘Dark Side of The Moon’ (PP# 35,461, Proven Winners®)	chocolate brn raspberry	20-22”	Z4	Jul-Aug
c. ‘Vision in Pink’	pale pink	18-20”	Z4	Jun-Jul
c. ‘Vision in Red’	purplish red	18-24”	Z4	Jun-Jul
c. ‘Vision in White’ (PP# 18,965)	white	18-24”	Z4	Jun-Jul

#1 container..... 11.95

Baptisia	Native	Zone	Varies
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Blue Wild Indigo, Blue False Indigo



Showy flowers held on tapering stalks up to 12" above mounds of blue-green foliage. Black seed pods add winter interest. The *australis* species (considered hardy to Zone 3) was the 2010 Perennial Plant of the Year®. *B. australis* var. *minor* is similar to the species but more compact. 'Purple Smoke' (hardy to Zone 4) is a cross between the *alba* and *australis* species and features pale lavender flowers and charcoal gray stems.

The Prairieblues™ series (hardy to Zone 4) are Chicagoland Grows® introductions bred or selected for better bloom color and bloom time. Should be marketed with the Prairieblues™ series name following the cultivar name (e.g., 'Midnight' Prairieblues™).

alba (macrophylla)	white	24-48"	Z5	Apr-May
australis	indigo blue	36-48"	Z3	May-Jun
a. var. minor	violet blue	18-24"	Z3	May-Jun
'Purple Smoke'	smoky violet	36-48"	Z4	Apr-May

Prairieblues™ series

'Lunar Eclipse' (PP# 25,875)	white/blue	36-48"	Z4	May-Jun
'Midnight' (PP# 20,432)	violet blue	36-48"	Z4	May-Jun
'Mojito' (PP# 25,987)	pale yellow	36-48"	Z4	May-Jun
'Royal Purple' (PP# 25,508)	dk violet purple	36-48"	Z4	May-Jun
'Solar Flare' (PP# 20,408)	lemon yellow-orange	36-48"	Z4	May-Jun
'Spilled Buttermilk' (PP# 26,319)	cream to lemon yllw	12-18"	Z5	May-Jun
'Sunny Morning' (PP# 25,479)	yellow	36-48"	Z5	May-Jun

38ct..... 2.50 (95.00/flat)

#1 container..... 10.20

Betonica - See Stachys

Bergenia	Zone 3-9
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Elephant's Ears, Pigsqueak



Large, leathery leaves are glossy green through the summer and turn deep burgundy or maroon in the fall and winter. Makes a great evergreen groundcover since the leaves do not fall off. Flowers early in the spring making it a great option for early pollinators. Can handle drier soils but prefers moisture. Some consider 'Rotblum' to only be hardy to Zone 4.

'Bressingham Ruby'	bright pink	12-14"	Apr-May
'Bressingham White'	white	12-14"	Apr-May
cordifolia 'Rotblum'	reddish-pink	12-15"	Mar-Apr

#1 container..... 11.95

Brunnera **Zone 3-8**

Siberian Bugloss



Brunnera is a glossy-leaved herbaceous perennial. Enjoys moist soil in the shade. ALCHEMY™ ‘Silver’ has silvered textured foliage that allows dark green veins to show through. ‘Jack of Diamonds’ (PP# 32,752 Proven Winners®) is a giant version of the older ‘Jack Frost’ variety. ‘Looking Glass’ (PP# 17,829) has nearly completely silver leaves. ‘Sea Heart’ has metallic silver leaves with prominent green veining and two-toned flowers. ‘Silver Heart’ (PP# 24,684) has nearly pure metallic silver leaves with a green margin. ‘Sterling Silver’ (PP# 31,280) is a larger, improved version of ‘Looking Glass’ (PP# 17,829) with better heat tolerance.

macrophylla ALCHEMY™ ‘Silver’	blue	14-16”	Apr-May
m. ‘Jack of Diamonds’ (PP# 32,752 Proven Winners®)	blue	14-16”	Apr-May
m. ‘Looking Glass’ (PP# 17,829)	blue	6-11”	Apr-May
m. ‘Sea Heart’ (PP# 24,684)	blue to pink/lavender	6-12”	Apr-May
m. ‘Silver Heart’ (PP# 24,685)	deep blue	6-12”	Apr-May
m. ‘Sterling Silver’ (PP# 31,280)	blue	10-14”	Apr-May

#1 container..... 11.95

Calamintha (Clinopodium) **Zone 5-9**

Calamint, Lesser Calamintha



Low maintenance and long blooming with mint-scented foliage. ‘Montrose White’ is a selection named by Mike Yanney of Johnson’s Nursery in Wisconsin. It was the 2010 Wisconsin Nursery Association Perennial of the Year. *Calamintha nepeta ssp. nepeta* was the 2021 Perennial Plant of The Year®. These *Calamintha* varieties have been reclassified and moved to the *Clinopodium* genus.

nepeta subsp. nepeta	lilac to white	12-18”	Jun-Oct
n. ‘Montrose White’	white	12-18”	Jun-Oct

38ct..... 1.50 (57.00/flat)

#1 container..... 6.95

Callirhoe **Native** **Zone 5-9**

Wine Cups



This Midwestern native has low-growing, dark green foliage. It grows like an ivy and is great where it can drape over a stone wall or something similar. Vines spread 12-36” wide. Flowers are magenta-colored, upright, and single. Prefers dry to moist but well-drained soils in full sun. A long tap root gives it good drought tolerance.

involucrata	magenta	6-8”	Jul-Sep
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#1 container..... 10.20

Campanula **Zone 3-8**

Bellflower, Canterbury Bells  

Bell-shaped flowers bloom over a long period from late-spring through summer. Great for the border and easy to grow. Blooms best in full sun and thrives in a neutral to slightly alkaline soil.

carpatica ‘Rapido Blue’	blue	6-8”	May-Sep
c. ‘Rapido White’	white	6-8”	May-Sep
#1 container..... 6.95			

Caryopteris **Zone 6-9**

Bluebeard 

‘Dark Knight’ is a compact shrub with rings of flowers along the stem. Deep green, lance-shaped leaves are a fuzzy silver on the underside. Drought-tolerant and prefers well-drained soil. Blue Empire™ (PP# 30,494) has larger and bluer flowers with powdery gray-green foliage.

‘Dark Knight’	purple	36-48”	Aug-Oct
38ct..... 1.50 (57.00/flat)			
#1 container..... 7.55			
#2 container..... 15.50			

Blue Empire™ (x clandonensis ‘Elst01’ PP# 30,494)	deep blue	30-40”	Aug-Oct
#1 container..... 10.20			
#2 container..... 21.50			



Centaurea **Zone Varies**

Snowflake Dusty Miller, Mountain Bluets 

Silver Swirl (PP# 35,838) is an introduction from Darwin Perennials with distinctive silvery white foliage with wavy leaf edges. Ideal for combos and front of border plantings. Better winter survival than other *Centaurea* cultivars. Tini’s Pink® was bred by Rijnbeek and Son Perennials. This Mountain Bluet is a *montana* species with clear, bright pink flowers with a bit of bi-color look due to the purple stamens.



Silver Swirl (ragusina ‘Balcentsirl’ PP# 35,838)	silver foliage	8-11”	Z6 May-Aug
#1 container..... 8.95			
Tini’s Pink® (montana ‘TP2022’)	pink	10-16”	Z3 May-Aug
#1 container..... 11.95			



Perennials

Chelone	Native	Zone 3-8
Turtlehead		 
'Hot Lips' is an improved cultivar with deep green foliage and bright, deep pink flowers.		
lyonii 'Hot Lips'	pink	24-48" Jul-Sep
38ct.....	1.50 (57.00/flat)	
#1 container.....	7.55	
glabra (<i>Native</i>)	white	24-36" Aug-Oct
#1 container.....	8.95	


Cimicifuga - See Actaea

Clinopodium - See Calamintha

Chrysogonum	Zone 5-9
Green and Gold, Golden Star, Norman Springer's Form	 
Deep green, semi-evergreen foliage topped with golden flowers in mid to late spring. A vigorous clump grower with parentage native to woodland areas of the Eastern United States. Can tolerate sun if the soil is kept moist and well-drained. Can tolerate more sun in cool, northern climates but will need shade in more southerly, warm climates.	
virgianum 'Superstar'	gold 6-8" Apr-Jun
#1 container.....	10.20

Conoclinium	Native	Zone 5-10
Blue Mistflower		 
Sometimes called Hardy Ageratum for its similarity to the annual but is a perennial and can spread fast through rhizomes. Fluffy, blue-purple flowers in the fall are a great pollen source for butterflies and pollinators. Sometimes called Blue Boneset and synonymous with <i>Eupatorium coelestinum</i>. Native to the Central and Southeastern US.		
coelestinum	blue	18-36" Jul-Oct
#1 container.....	10.20	

Coreopsis Zone Varies

Lanceleaf Coreopsis, Sand Coreopsis, Threadleaf Coreopsis, Tickseed 

Coreopsis are excellent plants for every landscape. Tolerant of heat, humidity, and drought; they even thrive in rocky or sandy soils with good drainage. The *verticillata* species ('Moonbeam' and 'Zagreb', hardy to Zone 3) are landscape favorites featuring fine needle-like leaves and are excellent for mass plantings. The rest are usually considered less hardy (Zone 5) but are great performers for most of our customer area.

'Jethro Tull'™ (PP# 18,789)	yellow fluted petals	12-18"	B	Z5	Jun-Aug
verticillata 'Moonbeam'	creamy yellow	18-24"	T	Z3	Jun-Aug
v. 'Zagreb'	golden yellow	12-18"	T	Z3	May-Sep

UpTick™ Series

Cream & Red (‘Balupteamed’ PP# 28,866)	cream w/dark red centers	12-14"	B	Z5	May-Sep
Gold (‘Baluptold’ PPAF)	golden yellow	12-14"	B	Z5	May-Sep
Gold & Bronze (‘Baluptgonz’ PP# 28,882)	golden ylw w/ bronze red cntrs	12-14"	B	Z5	May-Sep
Red (‘Baluptred’ PP# 33,866)	red w/yellow petal tips	12-14"	B	Z5	May-Sep
Yellow & Red (‘Baluptowed’ PP# 28,865)	yellow w/dark red centers	12-14"	B	Z5	May-Sep

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55


v. NOVA® Opal light pink w/ coral eye 12-14" T Z5 Jun-Sep

#1 container..... 8.95

B = Broadleaf (wider, lance-shaped leaves)

T = Threadleaf (fine, needle-like leaves)

Crocsmia Zone 6-10

Crocsmia 

Crocsmia are deciduous cormous plants, similar to bulbs. They need well-drained soil and prefer full sun. They need warm weather to grow and bloom. Generally considered hardy to zone 6, but some are hardier.

'Abundant Joy'®	orange	24"		Jul-Sep
'Crowing Rooster'®	dark red	36"		Aug-Sep
#1 container.....	8.95			

Delosperma**Zone 4-8**

Ice Plant



A low-growing, succulent-type plant great for rock gardens. Fire Spinner® flowers have purple pink centers with apricot and orange petals surrounding a pink eye with yellow stamens. 'Orange Crush' (PP# 30,806) has bright orange flowers.

Fire Spinner® ('P001S')	purple pink w/apricot orange	1-3"	Apr-Jun
'Orange Crush' (PP# 30,806)	orange w/pink blush	3-6"	Apr-Jun

#1 container..... 8.95

Delphinium**Zone 3-9**

Delphinium



The Delegenius™ series of Delphiniums comes from the same breeder of the Frostkiss® series of Hellebore. Ten years of breeding have produced an excellent multi-branching flower that resolves many of the problems traditionally associated with Delphiniums. The bloodlines bring together exceptional hardiness, heat tolerance, and stem strength.

Delgenius™ Series

'Breezin' ('ET DLP 17-11' PP# 32,994)	ruffled purple	24"	Jun-Jul
'Chantay' ('ET DLP 827' PP# 34,608)	dk pink w/ white bee	24"	Jun-Jul
'Glitzzy' ('ET DLP 17-10' PP# 32,993)	semi-dbl royl purp w/ white bee	24"	Jun-Jul
'Kinglesey' ('ET DLP 807' PP# 34,675)	deep purple w/ white bee	24"	Jun-Jul
'Neva' ('ET DLP 824' PP# 34,653)	pure white w/ white bee	24"	Jun-Jul
'Shelby' ('ET DLP 17-03' PP# 33,009)	lilac purple w/ white bee	24"	Jun-Jul

#2 container..... 25.00

Dianthus**Zone Varies**

Pinks, Cheddar Pinks



The Rockin'™ Series are taller, broad-leaved varieties that bloom all summer long.

Rockin' Series™

Rockin' Pink Magic' ('PAS1350217')	light to dark pink	18-24"	Z5	Jun-Sep
Rockin' Purple' ('PAS1350219')	lavender-purple	18-24"	Z5	Jun-Sep
Rockin' Red' ('PAS1141436')	red	18-24"	Z5	Jun-Sep
Rockin' Rose' ('PAS1350215')	deep rose	18-24"	Z5	Jun-Sep

#1 container..... 7.55

A delightful perennial for the sunny border or cutting bed. Most cultivars have small carnation-like flowers in vivid colors with a spicy fragrance. The foliage is usually gray-green to blue-gray. For best performance, provide full sun in a gritty, alkaline, and fairly dry soil.

'Firewitch' ('Feuerhexe')	magenta pink	6-8"	Z5	May-Jun
'Fuchsia Fire' (PP# 32,987)	magenta pink	5-6"	Z5	Jun
'Neon Star'	hot pink	6-9"	Z3	Jun-Sep

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

Digitalis	Zone 6-9
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Foxglove	 
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One of the best flowering perennials available for partially shaded areas. *Digitalis* forms large rosettes of dark green, hairy, toothed leaves. Said to prefer acidic soil. *Digitalis* in general is biennial, but the Arctic Fox™ Series are true perennials.


Arctic Fox™ Series

Rose ('Balroxose' PP# 31,900)	hot pink	18-24"	Jun-Sep
Lemon Cream ('Balroxleam' PPAF)	light yellow	18-24"	Jun-Sep

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

Dodecatheon	Native	Zone 4-8
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Shooting Star	
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Shooting Star is native to most of the eastern US. Flowers range from white to pink to purple shades and feature swept back petals with yellow stamens resembling shooting stars. Flower stalks typically get 12-20" tall and basal leaves are 6-10" wide. This is a spring ephemeral that will go dormant in the summer. Do not disturb while dormant. Prefers moist soil and can tolerate more sun with consistent moisture.

meadia	pink	12-20"	May
m. 'Aphrodite'	pink	12-20"	May

#1 container..... 10.20

Echinacea	Native	Zone	Varies
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Coneflower, Purple Coneflower 

‘Magnus Superior’ is the standard in purple *Echinacea* and ‘White Swan’ (sometimes called ‘Alba’) is its white-flowered counterpart.

purpurea ‘Magnus Superior’	purple	30-36”	Z3	Jun-Sep
p. ‘White Swan’	white	24-36”	Z3	Jun-Sep

50ct Seed..... 1.12 (56.00/flat)

#1 container..... 6.95

‘Cheyenne Spirit’ is an assortment of bright colors in shades of red, orange, purple, cream, yellow and white. It performs very well in the landscape. The PowWow® Series varieties are also incredible performers. They are short, compact, covered with blooms and have brilliant color typically only seen in the more expensive hybrids.

‘Cheyenne Spirit’	mixed	24-30”	Z4	Jun-Sep
purpurea PowWow® White (‘Pas702918’)	white	18-24”	Z3	Jun-Sep
p. PowWow® Wild Berry (‘Pas702917’)	rose purple	18-24”	Z3	Jun-Sep

50ct Seed..... 1.70 (85.00/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

***E. purpurea* is the native Purple Coneflower of the prairies. Pixie Meadowbrite™ (PP# 18,546) is a favorite Chicagoland Grows® dwarf Coneflower. *E. pallida* ‘Hula Dancer’ is a seed cultivar of the North American native with slightly larger and much lighter colored flowers. It is a Piet Oudolf favorite and in Mt. Cuba Center trials it was preferred by pollinators over the species.**

pallida ‘Hula Dancer’	wht tinged w/ pnk	24-36”	Z3	Jun-Jul
Pixie Meadowbrite™	pink	12-24”	Z4	Jun-Sep
(‘CBG Cone 2’ PP# 18,546)				
purpurea	purple pink	36-60”	Z3	Jun-Sep

50ct Seed..... 2.25 (112.50/flat)

38ct..... 2.50 (95.00/flat)

#1 container..... 10.20

E. tennesseensis is maintained as field stock and can be grown upon request.
All varieties are not maintained in all sizes.

Continued on the Next Page

Echinacea (Continued)

These patented hybrids receive a lot of marketing, so are often requested by customers. Some are unique colors or double bloomers, but they may not perform as well in the landscape as some of the native or traditional varieties. In some cases they also appear not to be as effective with pollinators. The cultivars below are the ones that stand out in our trials.

The Double Scoop™ Deluxe Series are new from Darwin Perennials, bringing the flower count and timing of the Sombrero® Series. More compact, better branching, and a higher flower count than typical double *Echinacea*.

The Kismet® Series comes from the Terra Nova Nursery breeding program. With their large, showy blooms and extended bloom time, we think they are particularly adapted to both the landscape and retail markets.

The performance of the Sombrero® Series stands out above the others in trials and in our own experience. Sombrero® Baja Burgundy (PP# 28,162) even won the first ever All American Selections (AAS) performance award for perennials in 2020 (See also *Rudbeckia* 'American Gold Rush' (PP# 28,498)).

'Pink Shimmer'	hot to rose pink	36"	Z5	Jun-Sep
purpurea 'Butterfly Kisses' (PP# 24,458)	dbl pink	12-18"	Z4	Jun-Sep
p. 'Fatal Attraction' (PP# 18,429)	magenta purple	18-24"	Z3	Jun-Sep
p. 'Virgin' (PP# 18,684)	white/grn cone	18-24"	Z3	Jun-Sep

Double Scoop™ Series

Raspberry Deluxe ('Balscrasux' PP# 35,823)	double dark pink	24"	Z4	Jun-Sep
Strawberry Deluxe ('Balscrawbux' PP# 35,760)	double deep red	24"	Z4	Jun-Sep
Watermelon Deluxe ('Balscmelux' PP# 35,743)	double hot pink	24"	Z4	Jun-Sep

Kismet® Series

Intense Orange ('TNECHKIO' PP# 28,769)	orange	16-18"	Z4	Jun-Oct
Pink Lemonade	bicolor pink w/ yellow	16-18"	Z4	Jun-Oct
Raspberry ('TNECHKR' PP# 28,768)	deep pink	16-18"	Z4	Jun-Oct
Red ('TNECHKRD' PP# 29,743)	red	16-18"	Z4	Jun-Oct
White ('TNECHKW' PP# 30,856)	white	16-18"	Z4	Jun-Oct
Yellow ('TNECHKY' PP# 29,922)	yellow	16-18"	Z4	Jun-Oct

Sombrero® Series

Adobe Orange ('Balsomador' PP# 26,639)	orange	18-20"	Z4	Jun-Sep
Baja Burgundy ('Balsombabur' PP# 28,162)	burgundy-red	18-20"	Z4	Jun-Sep
Granada Gold ('Balsomold' PP# 30,115)	golden-yellow	18-20"	Z4	Jun-Sep
Hot Coral ('Balsomcor' PP# 23,097)*	coral-red	14-16"	Z4	Jun-Sep
Lemon Yellow Improved ('Balsomemyim' PP# 30,116)	lemon-yellow	18-20"	Z4	Jun-Sep
Salsa Red ('Balsomsed' PP# 23,105)	red	18-20"	Z4	Jun-Sep
Sangrita ('Balsomanita' PP# 30,138)	orange to deep red	18-20"	Z4	Jun-Sep
Tres Amigos ('Balsomtregio' PP# 30,750)	peachy-coral burg	18-20"	Z4	Jun-Sep

#1 container..... 11.95

*Hot Coral has been moved to the Sombrero Poco® series

Echinops **Zone 3-8**

Globe Thistle



***Echinops* provide architectural structure in the landscape and they are excellent as pollinator plants and for cut flowers.**

bannaticus 'Blue Glow'	steel-blue	24-48"	Jul-Aug
b. 'Taplow Blue'	blue	48-60"	Jul-Aug
gmelinii 'Snow King'	white	36-48"	Jul-Aug
ritro 'Platinum Blue'	sky-blue	24-36"	Jul-Sep
r. 'Veitch's Blue'	blue	30-36"	Jul-Sep

#1 container..... 11.95

Eryngium **Native** **Zone Varies**

Rattlesnake Master, Sea Holly, Mediterranean Sea Holly



***E. yuccifolium* is native to the tallgrass prairies of North America. The others are European natives. Excellent pollinator and cut flower plants that add texture to the landscape. 'Big Blue' (PP# 29,636) features extra large, 4" electric blue flowers.**

bourgatii	blue	18-24"	Z5	Jul-Sep
planum 'Blue Hobbit'	purplish-blue	8-12"	Z5	Jul-Sep
yuccifolium (<i>Native</i>)	white	36-60"	Z3	Jun-Sep
zabelii 'Big Blue' (PP# 20,636)	blue	18-24"	Z5	Jun-Aug

#1 container..... 11.95

Eupatorium (Eurochium) **Zone 4-8**

Joe-Pye Weed



These plants are being re-classified, moving the North American native parents (*E. dubium*, *E. fistulosum*, and *E. purpureum*) of these cultivars to the *Eurochium* genus. They remain important host plants for many of our native pollinators. 'JoJo' is an exciting natural selection found by Kind Earth Growers that is compact with very sturdy stems and double, dense, fluffy flowers that are sterile.

dubium 'Little Joe'	mauve-purple	48-60"	Jul-Sep
Euphoria Ruby™ (purpureum 'FLOREUPRE1' PP# 31,668)	pink	24-32"	Jun-Sep
fistulosum 'JoJo' (PP#34,665)	pink	36-48"	Jul-Oct

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

Eurybia (Aster)	Native	Zone 3-8
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White Wood Aster



E. divaricata is a woodland native that prefers part to full shade. Formerly classified as *Aster divaricatus*.

divaricata	white	12-30"	Aug-Oct
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38ct.....	1.50 (57.00/flat)
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#1 container.....	7.55
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Eutrochium - See Eupatorium

Ferns	Native	Zone Varies
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Ferns



Adiantum pedatum (Five Finger Maidenhair Fern) has dainty fronds held up on black stems giving them an airy look. Will spread by rhizomes in rich soil and bright shade. Native.

Athyrium filix-femina (Lady Fern) has lacy green leaves. Grows in tall clumps. Native.

Athyrium 'Ghost' (Ghost Lady Fern) has silver-gray foliage like Japanese Painted Ferns without the burgundy.

Athyrium nipponicum 'Pictum' (Japanese Painted Fern) produces fronds that are soft silvery-gray with hints of red and maroon. Probably more accurately named *Athyrium nipponicum* var. *pictum*. May be hardy to Zone 3.

Dennstaedtia punctilobula (Hay Scented Fern) is a great groundcover fern that readily spreads through rhizomes. Has fine textured foliage similar to Lady Fern but when brushed or crushed, the foliage releases a scent similar to fresh mown hay. Foliage turns yellow in the fall and retains the scent when dried. Grows best in rich soil in at least part shade. Does well even in full shade. Will tolerate full sun with consistent moisture and will tolerate a wide range of soils, even drought once established. Native.

Dryopteris erythrosora 'Brilliance' (Autumn Fern). Orange, red-rose, and salmon fiddleheads turn coppery orange as they open and age to dark green. 'Brilliance' is noted for brighter and longer-lasting red foliage as compared to the species.

Dryopteris erythrosora var. *prolifera* (Autumn Fern) is a lacy version of the traditional Autumn Fern. Dark green foliage emerges cinnamon-red. In humid climates, plantlets will grow along the fronds.

Dryopteris marginalis (Leatherwood Fern) is very adaptable and has evergreen foliage. Also called Marginal Wood or Marginal Shield Fern. Native.

Matteuccia struthiopteris (Ostrich Fern) is a popular large, vase-shaped fern with tall, erect, gracefully arching, dark green fronds. Typically 2-3', but can reach 6'. Native.

Continued on Next Page

Ferns (Continued)

Onoclea sensibilis (Sensitive Fern) is native to swampy areas of Eastern North America, but grows well in average soil as long as it doesn't dry out. Can be aggressive in its preferred growing conditions.

Osmunda cinnamomea (Cinnamon Fern) has yellowish green fronds with cinnamon colored fibers at the base of the plant which are used in potting Orchids. Native.

Polystichum acrostichoides (Christmas Fern) is an evergreen fern with glossy fronds. Native.

Adiantum pedatum	(Five Finger Maidenhair Fern)	12-24"	Zone 2-8
Athyrium filix-femina	(Lady Fern)	12-36"	Zone 4-8
Athyrium 'Ghost'	(Lady Fern)	24-30"	Zone 4-8
Athyrium nipponicum 'Pictum'	(Japanese Painted Fern)	12-18"	Zone 4-8
Dennstaedtia punctilobula*	(Hay Scented Fern)	24-48"	Zone 3-8
Dryopteris erythrosora 'Brilliance'	(Autumn Fern)	18-30"	Zone 5-8
Dryopteris erythrosora var. prolifica	(Autumn Fern)	20-24"	Zone 5-9
Dryopteris marginalis	(Leatherwood Fern)	18-24"	Zone 3-8
Matteuccia struthiopteris	(Ostrich Fern)	36-72"	Zone 3-7
Onoclea sensibilis	(Sensitive Fern)	36-48"	Zone 4-8
Osmunda cinnamomea	(Cinnamon Fern)	24-36"	Zone 3-9
Polystichum acrostichoides	(Christmas Fern)	12-24"	Zone 3-9

#1 container..... 11.95

*Twixwood is beginning production of *Dennstaedtia* in liners and may have them available in 32ct plug and other sizes later in the year.

Geranium	Native	Zone	Varies
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Hardy Geranium, Cranesbill, Spotted Geranium



Dependable perennials that work well as groundcovers or individually. Foliage is green and often turns reddish in fall. The *maculatum* species is native as are the parents of several others.

'Huggy Bear' (PP# 36,258) has chocolatey red foliage and is larger in size than the species.

'Wendy's Blush' has almost white flowers with a bluish purple center ring.

'Rozanne'® was the 2008 Perennial Plant of the Year®. It continues to be in high demand because of its excellent performance. Sometimes also called 'Gerwat' or 'Jolly Bee'.

sanguineum 'Max Frei'	reddish purple	6-9"	Z3	May-Jun
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38ct..... 1.50 (57.00/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55

#2 container..... 15.50

x cantabrigiense 'Biokovo'	white tinged w/pink	6-12"	Z5	May-Jun
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x c. 'Karmina'	deep pink	6-12"	Z5	May-Jun
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macrorrhizum 'Bevan's Variety'	deep magenta	9-12"	Z3	Apr-Jul
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38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

'Joseph Green'	double purple	20"	Z4	Apr-May
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maculatum (<i>Native</i>)	light pink	18-24"	Z3	Apr-May
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m. 'Huggy Bear' (PP# 36,258)	clear pink	15-18"	Z5	May
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phaeum 'Wendy's Blush'	very pale pink	30"	Z5	May-Jul
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'Rozanne'®	violet blue	12-20"	Z5	May-Sep
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#1 container..... 11.95

Geum	Native	Zone	Varies
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Avens, Prairie Smoke



***Geum triflorum* is a North America native with gauzy seed heads that resemble smoke. Prefers sun and well-drained or even dry soils.**

triflorum	reddish-pink	6-18"	Z3	May-Jul
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#1 container..... 10.20

Helenium **Zone 3-8**

Sneezeweed 



‘Sahin’s Early Flowerer’ has large flowers (2.5”) open red with a brown cone and develop orange and yellow streaks on the petals. Rarely grows over 30” but will benefit from staking. Often grown as a cut flower. Received the 2001 Award of Garden Merit from the Royal Horticultural Society. Blooms for about 7 weeks from early July to mid-August.

‘Potter’s Wheel’ is a compact selection from Dutch breeder Inez Arnold. One of the most pure red flowers among *Helenium*. A thin golden halo at the perimeter of the petals accentuates the red color of the 1.5” flowers. Very floriferous and will require staking.

Helenium species are non-allergenic. The common name of Sneezeweed refers to an old-time use of the dried, powdered root for snuff.

‘Potter’s Wheel’	red w/ thin gold halo	36-40”	Aug-Sep
‘Sahin’s Early Flowerer’	orange	30-36”	Jul-Aug
#1 container..... 10.20			

Heliopsis **Zone 3-9**

False Sunflower, Ox-Eye Sunflower  

A tall, clumping perennial with daisy-like flowers. Drought tolerant, and tolerant of a variety of soil types, including clay. Does best in full sun with regular water. These native cultivars are more compact than the straight species.

‘Midnight Glow’ has variegated foliage.

helianthoides ‘Midnight Glow’	yellow	48”	Jul-Sep
h. ‘Tuscan Sun’	gold	24-36”	Jun-Sep
(PP# 18,763 Proven Winners®)			

#1 container..... 11.95

Helleborus**Zone Varies**

Lenten Rose, Winter Rose, Christmas Rose, Hellebore



Evergreen foliage with leathery, rich green leaves. Branched stems hold pendant, saucer-shaped flowers. Partial sun and excellent drainage yield an extended flowering period. Hellebores (all varieties) were the 2005 Perennial Plant of the Year®.

The FROSTKISS® series has very vigorous, distinctly marbled foliage giving year-round interest almost as spectacular as the flowers.

'Honeyhill Joy' white w/ cream center 18-28" Z4 Jan-Mar

HONEYMOON® Series

'California Dreaming'	clear yellow	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'French Kiss'	white w/ red center & edge	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'New York Night'	shades of black	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Paris in Pink'	light to med pink	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Rio Carnival'	light yellow edges w/ burgundy	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Romantic Getaway'	white w/ patterned red center	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Rome in Red'	maroon, wine red	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Sandy Shores'	pale apricot	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Spanish Flare'	light yellow with maroon flares	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Tropical Sunset'	creamy yellow w/ burgundy	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May

WEDDING PARTY® Series

'Black Tie Affair'	dbl black w/ light center	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Blushing Bridesmaid'	dbl wht w/rasp vein picotee edg	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Confetti Cake'	dbl white w/ burgundy specks	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Dark and Handsome'	dbl near black to black-purple	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Dashing Groomsmen'	dbl slate gray to dk purple	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Father of the Bride'	dbl yellow w/burg eye patr	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'First Dance'	dbl yellow w/maroon edge	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Flower Girl'	dbl blush to light pink	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Maid of Honor'	dbl light to dark pink	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Mother of the Bride'	dbl apricot w/pink edge	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Shotgun Wedding'	dbl white w/heavy burg specks	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'True Love'	dbl maroon red	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Wedding Bells'	dbl clear white	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Wedding Crasher'	dbl soft pink w/dark pink spots	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May
'Whirlwind Romance'	dbl white w/dk burgundy veins	18-24"	Z4	Mar-May

18ct..... 7.50 (135.00/flat)

#1 container..... 18.00

#2 container..... 30.00

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes.

Continued on Next Page

Helleborus (continued)

Ivory Prince ('Walhelivor')	creamy white	12-18"	Z3	Mar-May
FROSTKISS® Series				
Anna's Red (‘ABCRD02’ PP# 24,720)	deep burgundy w/red stems	12-18"	Z5	Dec-Mar
Bayli's Blush® (‘RD06’ PP# 27,120)	violet blush w/creamy white	12-18"	Z5	Jan-Apr
Charmer (‘EPB 210’ PP# 29,873)	rose w/burgundy specs	8-16"	Z5	Nov-Mar
Cheryl's Shine® (‘EPB 31’ PP# 28,009)	light pink w/ touch of coral	12-18"	Z5	Jan-Apr
Dana's Dulcet® (‘EPB 30’ PP# 27,970)	smoky pink w/greenish white	10-18"	Z5	Feb-Apr
Dorothy's Dawn® (‘EPB 29’ PP# 28,010)	light pink	12-18"	Z5	Feb-Apr
Elemental™ (PPAF)	pink w/ magenta edge	12-18"	Z5	Dec-Mar
Glenda's Gloss® (‘EPB 25’ PP# 28,008)	white w/magenta edge	12-18"	Z5	Dec-Mar
Illumi Lime® (‘EPB 24’ PP# 30,807)	lime punch	12-18"	Z5	Jan-Apr
Molly's White (‘EPBRD01’ PP# 25,685)	clear white	12-18"	Z5	Jan-Apr
Moondance® (‘EPB 20’ PP# 27,969)	clear white	12-18"	Z5	Jan-Apr
Penny's Pink (‘ABCRD01’ PP# 24,149)	deep pink	12-18"	Z5	Jan-Apr
Pippa's Purple® (‘RD09’ PP# 27,121)	smoky pink w/burgundy specks	12-18"	Z5	Jan-Apr
Vibey Velvet (PPAF)	dark red w/ burgundy flecks	12-18"	Z5	Dec-Mar

#1 container..... 24.00

#2 container..... 36.00

Due to longer lead time for full maturity, some varieties/sizes may have late or limited availability.**All varieties are not maintained in all sizes.**

Hemerocallis Alphabetically

Full descriptions in our normal format are on the following pages

<u>Name</u>	<u>Color Group</u>	<u>Price</u>
'Apricot Sparkles'	Gold/Orange/Apricot	8.95
'Chicago Apache'	Red	6.95
'Going Bananas' (PP# 17,164)*	Yellow	11.95
'Happy Returns'	Yellow	6.95
'Hyperion'	Yellow	6.95
'Little Grapette'	Lavender/Purple	6.95
'Longfields Angel'	Yellow	10.20
'Pardon Me'	Red	6.95
'Purple de Oro'	Lavender/Purple	6.95
'Rosy Returns'	Pink	8.95
'Stella de Oro'	Gold/Orange/Apricot	6.95
'Strawberry Candy'	Pink	6.95
'Sunday Gloves'	White	6.95
'Tiger Swirl'*	Gold/Orange/Apricot	10.20

* Proven Winners® Rainbow Rhythm® collection

Hemerocallis**Zone 3-9**

Daylily



Daylilies are very popular and versatile perennials; tolerant of a wide variety of growing conditions. Descriptions include bloom color, bloom size, bloom season, class, mature plant height, habit and price group.

Gold/Orange/Apricot Shades

'Apricot Sparkles'	deep apricot	3" E	Dip 15"	Re	2
'Stella de Oro'	gold	2.75" E	Dip 16"	Re	Ext 1
'Tiger Swirl'*	gldn yllw w/ raspberry eye	6.5" M	Tet 32"	Fr	3

Yellow Shades

'Going Bananas'* (PP# 17,164)	lemon-yellow	4" M	Dip 17"	Re	4
'Happy Returns'	canary-yellow	3" E	Dip 16"	Re	Ext 1
'Hyperion'	lemon-yellow	5.5" M	Dip 40"	Re	Fr Ext 1
'Longfields Angel'	butter yellow w/ purple eye	3" M	Dip 24"	Re	Fr Ext 3

White Shades

'Sunday Gloves'	near white w/ pale yellw tht	5.25" E M	Dip 27"	Re	Fr Ext 1
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Pink Shades

'Rosy Returns'	rose-pink w/yellow throat	4" E	Dip 14"	Re	2
'Strawberry Candy'	pink w/rose-red eye	4.25" E M	Tet 26"	Re	1

Lavender/Purple Shades

'Little Grapette'	grape w/green throat	2" E	Dip 16"		1
'Purple de Oro'	medium purple w/gold tht	3" M	Dip 20"	Re	1

Red Shades

'Chicago Apache'	scarlet w/green throat	5" M	Tet 27"	Fr	1
'Pardon Me'	cranberry-red w/green tht	2.75" M	Dip 18"	Re	1

* Proven Winners® Rainbow Rhythm® collection

E = Early Season

Dip = Diploid

Re = Re-bloomer

M = Mid Season

Tet = Tetraploid

Fr = Fragrant

L = Late Season

Ext = Extended Bloom 16 hours +

Price Groups - #1 containers

1.....	6.95
2.....	8.95
3.....	10.20
4.....	11.95

Heuchera

Zone Varies

Coral Bells, Alum Root



Semi-evergreen, clump forming foliage plants. Foliage color can vary depending on sun exposure. Some do better with more shade, especially the lighter colored varieties.

The cultivars in the first groups of lower priced *Heuchera* are the standard, tried and true varieties you can count on. ‘Autumn Bride’ is a large, green plant similar to the *villosa* species it is bred from.

The higher priced, patented varieties have unique features. These include specialized colors, more specialized growth habits, and other desirable characteristics. They may not be as hardy or adaptable as some of the more familiar ones. However, we do not have room for descriptions that do justice to each variety so we encourage you to look them up online or ask us for more information.

	Foliage Color Flower Color			
‘Chatterbox’	green rose-pink	12-24”	Z3	Jun-Sep
‘Palace Purple’	maroon white	12-24”	Z4	Jun-Jul

(micrantha var. diversifolia)

50ct Seed.....	1.12 (56.00/flat)
38ct.....	1.50 (57.00/flat)
#1 container.....	7.55

‘Autumn Bride’ (villosa)	large velvety green white	18-36”	Z3	Aug-Sep
‘Green Spice’	green, silvery red veins white	9-12”	Z4	Jun-Jul
‘Plum Pudding’	plum-purple white	8-12”	Z4	Jun-Jul

38ct.....	1.90 (72.20/flat)
#1 container.....	8.95

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes.

Continued on next page

Heuchera (Continued)

'Caramel' (PP# 16,560) (villosa)	caramel apricot-orange pink	9-18"	Z4	Jun-Jul
'Georgia Peach' (PP# 19,375)	peach-orange white	12-20"	Z4	Jun-Jul
'Lime Marmalade' (PP# 21,861)	lime-green white	9-18"	Z4	May-Jul
'Midnight Rose' (PP# 18,551)	dark purple w/ pink spots white	10-30"	Z4	Jun-Jul
'Obsidian'	almost black white	8-10"	Z4	Jun-Jul
'Peach Flambe' (PP# 17,195)	bright peach and red white	6-10"	Z4	Jun-Jul
Forever® Series (from Terra Nova)				
Purple (‘TNHEUFP’ PP# 26,358)	intense purple pink	12-15"	Z4	Jun-Jul
Red (‘TNHEUFR’ PP# 29,644)	bright red white	7-14"	Z4	Jun-Jul
Proven Winners® DOLCE® Series				
'Apple Twist' (PP# 31,221)	yellow, green edge cream	10-12"	Z4	Jun-Jul
'Cherry Truffles' (PP# 31,396)	bright red light pink	8-10"	Z4	Jun-Jul
'Silver Gumdrop' (PP# 29,207)	iridescent silver pink	6-8"	Z4	Jun-Jul
'Wildberry' (PP# 31,222)	purple, charcoal veins white	10-14"	Z4	Jun-Jul
Proven Winners® PRIMO® Series				
'Black Pearl' (PP# 29,395)	jet black cream	8-10"	Z4	Jun-Jul
#1 container..... 11.95				

Heucherella

Zone 4-9

Foamy Bells



Heucherella is a hybrid genus produced from a cross between Heuchera and Tiarella.

‘Gold Zebra’ (PP# 22,104)	yellow, red center white	8-16”	May-Jul
#1 container.....	11.95		

Hibiscus

Zone 5-9

Hibiscus



A sturdy, woody perennial that requires moisture to thrive. Does best in full sun with rich soil, but can tolerate average soil as well. These varieties have dark foliage that contrast with the brightly colored flowers.

Foliage Color | Flower Color

‘Blackberry Merlot’ (PP# 33,498)	deep green deep velvet red	48-54”	Jul-Sep
‘Midnight Marvel’ (PP# 24,079)	wine purple carmine-red	48”	Jul-Sep
‘Starry Starry Night’ (PP# 27,901)	near black pink	36-48”	Jul-Sep
#2 container.....	25.00		

Hosta (Alphabetically)**Zone 3-9**



















Plantain Lily, Funkia




See succeeding pages for price groups and descriptions. *Hosta* prefer and perform best in at least some shade.

'Abiqua Drinking Gourd'	10.20
'August Moon'	8.95
'Autumn Frost' (PW PP# 23,224)	11.95
'Blue Angel'	10.20
'Coast to Coast' (PW PP# 26,469)	11.95
'Diamond Lake' (PW PP# 30,769)	11.95
'Elegans' (sieboldiana)	8.95
'Empress Wu' (PW PP# 20,774)	11.95
'Etched Glass' (PW PP# 30,748)	11.95
'Fire And Ice'	11.95
'Fire Island'	10.20
'First Frost'	10.20
'Francee'	8.95
'Frances Williams' (sieboldiana)	8.95
'Great Expectations'	10.20
'Guacamole'	8.95
'Hadspen Blue'	10.20
'Halcyon'	8.95
'Hudson Bay' (PW PP# 23,598)	11.95
'Humpback Whale'	10.20
'Island Breeze' (PP# 27,151)	11.95
'June'	8.95
'Krossa Regal'	10.20
'Liberty'	10.20
'Miss America' (PW PP# 32,068)	11.95
'Patriot'	8.95
'Rainforest Sunrise'	10.20
'Royal Standard'	8.95
'Seducer' (PW PP# 22,413)	11.95
sieboldiana 'Elegans'	8.95
sieboldiana 'Frances Williams'	8.95
'Stained Glass'	10.20
'Sum and Substance'	10.20
'Waterslide' (PW PP# 30,303)	11.95
'Wheee!' (PW PP# 23,565)	11.95
'Wu-La-La' (PW PP# 31,309)	11.95

PW: Proven Winners® SHADOWLAND® Collection

Hosta	Zone 3-9
Plantain Lily, Funkia	  
<i>Foliage Flower</i>	<i>Size</i>
'August Moon'	gold to chartreuse heart shaped pale lavender M 
'Francee'*	med to dark green w/narrow white margin pale lavender S 
'Guacamole'*	dark apple-green w/dark green streaked margins white M 
'Halcyon'	blue-green spear shaped lilac blue M 
'June'	changing gold center wide blue-green streaked margin pale lavender M 
'Patriot' *	dark green w/white streaked margins lavender M 
'Royal Standard'	wavy green glossy white L 
sieboldiana 'Elegans'	huge 10x9" blue-gray rounded textured white M 
s. 'Frances Williams'	giant blue-green w/ wide chartreuse to yellow margin white M
#1 container.....	8.95
*#2 container.....	18.50
'Abiqua Drinking Gourd'	deeply cupped dark blue-green white M
'Blue Angel'	heavy blue-green pale lavender G 
'Fire Island'	bright yellow w/red stems lavender S
'First Frost'	blue-green w/gold to white margin pale lavender M 
'Great Expectations'	changing yellow center streaked blue-green margin white M
'Hadspen Blue'	powdery steel blue, thick, cupped pale lavender S 
'Humpback Whale'	blue-green corrugated heart shaped white G
'Krossa Regal'	frosty blue-green vase shaped lavender G 
'Liberty'	blue-green w/streaked yellow to cream margin lavender L 
'Rainforest Sunrise'	solid light grn develops dark grn margin w/gold center pale lavender T
'Stained Glass'	huge gold w/ wide dark green margin pale lavender M 
'Sum and Substance'*	huge chartreuse corrugated leaves pale lavender G 
#1 container.....	10.20
*#3 container.....	29.25

F = Indicates a fragrant *Hosta*. Intensity of fragrance can vary greatly depending on variety and habitat.

 = Indicates this *Hosta* has shown greater sun tolerance. All *Hosta* prefer shade, the ones marked here can take sun much of the day. Many others can take a few hours of sun especially in the morning. Colors and patterns can vary with differing amounts of sunlight.

AHGA Clump Size: T = Mini (tiny) up to 8", S = Small 9-14",
M = Medium 15-22", L = Large 23-29", G = Giant 30"+

(Heights are average in Northern climates. Width usually 2-2.5 times wider.
See http://www.hostagrowers.org/AHGA_Clump_Size.html for more info.)

Hosta (Continued)

	<i>Foliage</i> <i>Flower</i>	<i>Size</i>
'Fire And Ice'	'Patriot' reverse, white ctr, dk grn marg lavender	M ○
'Island Breeze'	bright yellow w/dark green margin dark lavender	S
(PP# 27,151)		
Proven Winners® SHADOWLAND® Collection		
'Autumn Frost'	blue w/wide yellow margin lavender	S
(PP# 23,224)		
'Coast to Coast'	gold w/wavy edges pale violet	G
(PP# 26,469)		
'Diamond Lake'	blue heart shaped w/wavy edges pale lavender	M
(PP# 30,769)		
'Empress Wu'*	large dark green violet	G
(PP# 20,774)		
'Etched Glass'	bright yellow w/dark green margin white	M F
(PP# 30,748)		
'Hudson Bay'	wide blue margin w/cream center white	L
(PP# 23,598)		
'Miss America'	green heart shaped w/white center white	M
(PP# 32,068)		
'Seducer'	dark green w/gold margin & white between white	L
(PP# 22,413)		
'Waterslide'	blue ruffled lavender	S
(PP# 30,303)		
'Wheee!'	green w/cream margin ruffled light lavender	M
(PP# 23,565)		
'Wu-La-La'	large blue-green w/apple-green margin violet	G
(PP# 31,309)		

#1 container..... 11.95

*#3 container..... 34.00

F = Indicates a fragrant *Hosta*. Intensity of fragrance can vary greatly depending on variety and habitat.

○ = Indicates this *Hosta* has shown greater sun tolerance. All *Hosta* prefer shade, the ones marked here can take sun much of the day. Many others can take a few hours of sun especially in the morning.

Colors and patterns can vary with differing amounts of sunlight.

AHGA Clump Size: T = Mini (tiny) up to 8", S = Small 9-14",
M = Medium 15-22", L = Large 23-29", G = Giant 30"+

(Heights are average in Northern climates. Width usually 2-2.5 times wider.
See http://www.hostagrowers.org/AHGA_Clump_Size.html for more info.)

Iris **Zone 3-9**

Siberian Iris



Siberian Iris are as hardy as the name suggests. ‘Caesar’s Brother’ is a deep blue purple.

siberica ‘Caesar’s Brother’ deep blue purple 36-48” Z3 May
 #1 container..... 7.55

Kniphofia **Zone 5-9**

Red-Hot Poker, Torch Lily



Bred from a South African native, these exotic looking perennials have grass-like foliage with tall flower spikes. Tie the leaves over the crown to prevent water pooling and freezing inside. May need additional protection in Zone 5.

Glowstick bright yellow 26-29” Jun-Oct
 (uvaria ‘KLEKN22193’ PP# 35,323)

#1 container..... 10.20

‘High Roller’ (PP# 32,295) coral/orange 36-48” Jun-Oct

Proven Winners® PYROMANIA™ collection

‘Hot and Cold’ (PP# 31,185) tangerine-orange/creamy white 30-36” Jun-Oct

‘Solar Flare’ (PP# 32,073) yellow 36-40” Jun-Oct

#1 container..... 11.95

#2 container..... 25.00

Lavandula **Zone 5-9**

English Lavender



An exquisite plant for the herb garden or sunny border. Its silvery-green foliage creates a desirable accent. Prefers light soil and fairly dry conditions. ‘Phenomenal’ (PP#24,193) was named a “Must-Grow Perennial” by Better Homes & Gardens. Reportedly handles heat and humidity better than other varieties. May even be harder (Zone 4). In northern climates, it typically stays shorter than sometimes advertised.

‘SuperBlue’ (PP# 24,929) is part of the Better Versions program from Darwin Perennials and has a proven track record of better performance in the landscape than ‘Hidcote’ and ‘Munstead’.

angustifolia ‘SuperBlue’ deep violet-blue 10-12” Jun-Aug
 (PP# 24,929)

PHENOMENAL® lavender 24-36” Jun-Aug
 (x intermedia ‘Niko’ PP# 24,193)

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

Lespedeza **Zone 4-8**

Bush Clover



A deciduous, semi-woody shrub. Can be cut down and grown to full height in one season. In zones 4 and 5, it may freeze back to the ground. Blooms on new growth, so can be grown as an herbaceous perennial.

thunbergii ‘Gibralter’	rosy-purple	48-60”	Aug-Sep
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38ct.....	2.50 (95.00/flat)
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#1 container.....	10.20
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Leucanthemum **Zone 5-9**

Shasta Daisy



Formerly a member of the genus *Chrysanthemum*. Plant in sunny, well-drained locations and deadhead after blooming to promote second bloom.

x superbum ‘Becky’	white	36-48”	Jun-Sep
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x s. ‘Madonna’	white	8-10”	Jun-Sep
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x s. ‘Snowcap’	white	12-18”	Jun-Sep
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38ct.....	1.90 (72.20/flat)
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#1 container.....	8.95
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Proven Winners® Amazing Daisies® Collection

x s. ‘Banana Cream II’ (PP# 33,851)	lemon yellow	12-18”	Jun-Aug
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x s. Daisy May® (‘Daisy Duke’, PP# 21,914)	white	12-24”	Jun-Sep
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#1 container.....	10.20
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All varieties are not maintained in all sizes.

Liatris **Native** **Zone Varies**

Blazing Star, Gayfeather, Appalachian Blazing Star, Smallhead Blazing Star



‘Kobold’ is a very important native cultivar for pollinators. Especially attractive to hummingbirds and butterflies.

Appalachian, or Smallhead Blazing Star (*L. microcephala*), is a compact plant native to the Southeast but hardy to Zone 4 and excellent for pollinators.

ligustylis	rose purple	24-36”	Z3	Jul-Sep
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microcephala	rose purple	18-24”	Z4	Aug-Sep
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spicata ‘Kobold’	deep purple	18-30”	Z3	Jul-Aug
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s. ‘Cobalus’	intense purple	8-12”	Z3	Jul-Aug
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#1 container.....	10.20
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Limonium **Zone 3-9**


Sea Lavender 

This European native is a favorite in Piet Oudolf and Roy Diblik style plantings and the flower stalks are often used in cut flower arrangements. The basal foliage has a leathery, succulent-type look and is semi-evergreen. The flowers are large, airy sprays of tiny lavender blue flowers. Requires excellent drainage and loves heat.

latifolium	lavender blue	24-30"	Jul-Sep
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#1 container..... 10.20

Lobelia **Native** **Zone 3-9**

Cardinal Flower 

Great for pollinators, especially hummingbirds and butterflies. This native has striking red blooms with green foliage.

cardinalis	scarlet-red	24-48"	Jul-Sep
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#1 container..... 8.95

Lupinus **Zone 5-8**

Lupine 

Tall, showy flower spikes above palmate foliage. Does best in well-ventilated areas. Good for cut flowers. An easy sell on the garden center bench.

Although Lupines are considered a perennial, they will usually die off after a few years. Some varieties are good self-seeders and if allowed to go to seed may produce new plants although they may not resemble the parent plant.

Westcountry™ series

‘Beefeater’ (PPAF)	red	30-36"	May-Jul
‘Blacksmith’ (PP# 29,943)	bicolor, purple and white	24-36"	May-Jul
‘Blossom’ (PP# 18,813)	pink on white	24-36"	May-Jul
‘Desert Sun’ (PP# 23,073)	yellow	30-36"	May-Jul
‘Manhattan Lights’ (PP# 18,868)	bicolor, purple and yellow	30-36"	May-Jul
‘Masterpiece’ (PP# 19,739)	wine purple	27-29"	May-Jul
‘Persian Slipper’ (PP# 18,733)	periwinkle purple	24-36"	May-Jul
‘Polar Princess’ (PPAF)	pure white	28-30"	May-Jul
‘Rachel de Thame’ (PP#29,833)	bicolor, pink and white	30-36"	May-Jul
‘Red Rum’ (PP# 18,709)	red	24-36"	May-Jul
‘Salmon Star’ (PP#18,718)	coppery orange	24-30"	May-Jul
‘Tequila Flame’ (PP# 23,047)	bicolor, red and yellow	30-36"	May-Jul
‘Terracotta’ (PP# 23,044)	bicolor, peach and yellow	30-36"	May-Jul
‘Towering Inferno’ PPAF	bicolor, orange-red and yellow	30-36"	May-Jul

#2 container.....25.00

All varieties are not available every year.

Monarda	Native	Zone Varies		
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Bee Balm, Bergamot



Great native cultivars for the cutting, hummingbird, and butterfly gardens. Does best in a moisture-retentive, rich soil with sunny, open conditions. Several of these cultivars (generally considered hardy to Zone 4) are often sold under the species name of *didyma* in reference to the native *didyma* parentage of most of the hybrids. ‘Purple Rooster’, ‘Mojo’ (PP# 29,982), and the Bee-You® Series reportedly exhibit greater mildew resistance.



bradburiana (Native)	pink to white with purple	12-24"	Z5	May
b. ‘Midnight Oil’ (PPAF)	light pink w/ wine red spots	18-24"	Z4	Jun
fistulosa (Native)	lavender	24-48"	Z3	Jun-Aug
‘Marshall’s Delight’	deep pink	24-36"	Z4	Jun-Aug
‘Mojo’ (PP# 29,982)	purple	24-30"	Z4	June
‘Petite Delight’	lavender-rose	12-18"	Z4	Jul-Aug
‘Purple Rooster’	dark purple	36-48"	Z4	Jul-Aug
‘Raspberry Wine’	raspberry wine-red	36-48"	Z4	Jul-Aug

38ct..... 1.50 (57.00/flat)
#1 container..... 7.55

Bee-You® series

Bee Free™	purple	30-36"	Z5	Jun-Aug
('MON0012BFR' PP# 29,032)				
Bee Happy™	red w/chocolate center	30-36"	Z5	Jun-Aug
('MON0001BHA' PP# 29,080)				
Bee Lieve™	pink w/maroon bands	10-12"	Z5	Jun-Aug
('MON0004BLI' PP# 29,078)				
Bee Merry™ (PPAF)	coral pink w/chocolate ctr	10-12"	Z5	Jun-Aug
Bee True™	magenta purple w/red ctr	22-26"	Z5	Jun-Aug
('MON0005BTR' PP# 29,079)				

#1 container..... 10.20

Nepeta	Zone Varies
Catmint	 

Gray-green foliage is complimented by soft lavender-blue flowers. The taller varieties tend to fall over and spread across the ground unless staked. Trim to rejuvenate and extend flowering. ‘Walker’s Low’ was the Perennial Plant of the Year® in 2007.

There is some variation on the species names for the different varieties. ‘Walker’s Low’ and ‘Blue Wonder’ should probably be *racemosa* species, but are often sold as *faassenii*. *Faassenii* is a sterile hybrid of *racemosa* and *nepetella*, so should be designated *x faassenii* on ‘Kit Cat’.

‘Chartreuse on the Loose’ (PP# 35,867) features bright chartreuse foliage.

Junior Walker™ (PP# 23,074) is part of the Better Versions program from Darwin Perennials. It has a proven track record of better performance in the landscape than ‘Walker’s Low’ and other varieties.

Little Trudy® (PP# 18,904) is truly a dwarf Catmint, one of the most compact and consistent we’ve seen.

The Prelude™ *Nepeta* have a mounding habit that, unlike the other varieties, stay upright and feature very large flowers that are excellent for pollinators. Foliage is larger and greener than the other varieties.

‘Blue Wonder’	dark blue	9-18”	Z3	May-Sep
‘Chartreuse on the Loose’ (PP# 35,867)	lavender-blue	8-10”	Z3	May-Sep
‘Early Bird’	lavender	12”	Z3	May-Sep
Junior Walker™ (‘Novanepjun’ PP# 23,074)	lavender-blue	15-18”	Z5	May-Sep
‘Kit Cat’	blue	12-18”	Z3	May-Sep
Little Trudy® (‘Psike’ PP# 18,904)	purple-violet	9-12”	Z4	May-Sep
‘Walker’s Low’	lavender-blue	24-30”	Z4	May-Sep
Prelude™ series				
Blue (N. subsessilis ‘Balneplud’ PP# 31,901)	large blue	28-36”	Z5	May-Sep
Purple (N. subsessilis ‘Balprelurp’ PP# 33,997)	large purple	28-36”	Z5	May-Sep

38ct..... 1.50 (57.00/flat)

#1 container..... 6.95

‘Cat’s Meow’ (PP# 24,472 Proven Winners®)	sky blue	17-20”	Z3	May-Sep
‘Cat’s Pajamas’ (PP# 31,127 Proven Winners®)	indigo blue	12-14”	Z3	May-Sep

#1 container..... 8.95

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes.

Oenothera	Native	Zone 3-7
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Evening Primrose

Native to bluffs and rocky prairies of the southern and central United States, yet hardy to Zone 3. Single, bright yellow flowers are very large (3-5" across). Flowers usually open in the late afternoon and last till the following morning. Can self-seed. Tolerates drought. Since it blooms primarily at night, it attracts some unique pollinators such as Sphinx Moths. Also known as *O. missouriensis*.

macrocarpa (aka missouriensis)	yellow	6-12"	May-Aug
#1 container.....	10.20		

Penstemon	Native	Zone 3-8
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Beardtongue		
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A native cultivar with some tolerance for drought, summer heat and humidity. Dark wine-red foliage. Make sure the soil is well-drained. Remove spent flower stalks to lengthen bloom time. Cut back to basal foliage when done blooming to improve plant appearance.

digitalis ‘Husker Red’	white	24-36"	Apr-Jun
38ct.....	1.50 (57.00/flat)		
#1 container.....	7.55		

‘Dark Towers’ (PP# 20,013)	pale pink	18-36"	May-Jun
digitalis (<i>Native</i>)	white to light pink	36-48"	Jun-Jul
38ct.....	2.50 (95.00/flat)		
#1 container.....	10.20		

Perennials

Perovskia	Zone 5-9
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Russian Sage	
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A durable and tough sub-shrub. Very attractive silver, divided foliage is topped by light blue flowers during summer. Needs a neutral, loose soil in sunny, open conditions. *Perovskia* is being reclassified as *Salvia yangii*.

atriplicifolia	lavender-blue	36-60"	Jul-Oct
a. 'Little Spire'	violet-blue	18-24"	Jun-Oct

38ct.....	1.50 (57.00/flat)
#1 container.....	7.55
#2 container.....	15.50

a. 'Blue Jean Baby' (PP# 29,281)	lavender-blue	28-34"	Jul-Sep
a. 'Blue Steel'	lavender-blue	28-34"	Jul-Sep
a. Little Lace ('Novaperlac' PP# 26,618)	purple	18-24"	Jul-Sep
'CrazyBlue' (PP#25,639)	deep blue	28-30"	Jun-Sep



38ct.....	1.90 (72.20/flat)
#1 container.....	8.95

a. 'Denim 'n Lace' (PP# 28,445 Proven Winners®) blue-purple	28-32"	Jul-Oct
#1 container.....	11.95	

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but can be grown upon request.

Perennials



Phlox	Zone	Varies
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Garden Phlox, Tall Phlox, Woodland Phlox, Thicketleaf Phlox  

Phlox divaricata is the native Woodland Phlox, with an intermediate habit. *Phlox paniculata* are the tall, garden types. *Phlox subulata* are the creeping types (See Groundcover Section). The Woodland Phlox (*P. divaricata* species) require part to full shade. The others prefer full sun and can tolerate some shade.

‘Jeana’ was the 2024 Perennial Plant of the Year®. It is a vigorous, strong plant, outperforming all other *Phlox* in trials and one of the best pollinator plants we’ve seen.

Thicketleaf Phlox (*P. carolina*) is native to the Southeastern US. ‘Kim’ was discovered in Alabama and has been a top performer in trials with a lush and vigorous habit that stays sturdy and disease-free all season. Prefers shaded woodland areas and is not very drought tolerant.

carolina ssp. carolina ‘Kim’		pink	18-24”	Z5	May-Jun
divaricata ‘Blue Moon’		blue	12-18”	Z3	Apr-May
paniculata ‘David’		white	24-48”	Z3	Jul-Sep
p. ‘Jeana’		lavender-pink	36-48”	Z3	Jul-Sep
p. ‘Laura’		purple w/white eye	36-48”	Z4	Jul-Sep
38ct.....			1.50 (57.00/flat)		
#1 container.....			7.55		

The Proven Winners® LUMINARY® collection has shown exceptionally brilliant colors with improved disease resistance.

LUMINARY© collection

p. ‘Backlight’ (PP# 34,506 Proven Winners®)	white	28-30”	Z3	Jul-Sep
p. ‘Ultraviolet’ (PP# 33,607 Proven Winners®)	dark magenta violet	32-36”	Z3	Jul-Sep
#1 container.....			11.95	
#2 container.....			25.00	

Physostegia	Native	Zone	3-9
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Obedient Plant 

A great native for wet locations. Pale pink flowers on tall stalks attract hummingbirds and pollinators. Can be an aggressive spreader. Native from Quebec to Manitoba and south to Florida and New Mexico

virginiana	pale pink	36-48”	Aug-Sep
#1 container.....			10.20

Platycodon **Zone 3-8**

Balloon Flower



A beautiful addition to the front of a perennial border or mass grouping in a display bed. Flower buds are reminiscent of balloons before they open.

grandiflorus 'Astra Blue'	blue	6-10"	Jun-Aug
#1 container..... 7.55			

Polygonatum **Zone 3-8**

Solomon's Seal



Green leaves edged in a broad strip of creamy white. Long, tubular, white flowers dangle from the axil underneath the leaves in early spring. Prefers moist woodland settings.

odoratum 'Variegatum'	white	24-36"	Apr-May
#1 container..... 11.95			

Pulmonaria **Zone 4-9**

Lungwort, Bethlehem Sage



A stand-out for moist, well-drained, cool, shady areas. Dark green foliage with silver spotting. Protect from hot afternoon sun. May be okay in colder regions if kept in protected areas.

'Lisa Marie' (PP# 31,226)	raspberry	15-18"	Apr
#1 container..... 10.20			
#2 container..... 21.50			
'Raspberry Splash'	raspberry pnk to prple	9-12"	Apr
'Trevi Fountain'	cobalt-blue	9-12"	Apr
#1 container..... 11.95			

Pycnanthemum	Native	Zone	Varies
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Mountain Mint



An American native and member of the mint family, *Pycnanthemum* is a tall and clump-forming perennial that spreads by rhizomes. It's an aromatic plant that blooms with dense clumps of flowers. It does best in full sun and can be drought tolerant once established. It is a larval host plant for the Gray Hairstreak Butterfly. *Pycnanthemum muticum* was the 2025 Perennial Plant of the Year®.

'Smokey Mountain Mint' is an introduction from Brent Horvath of Intrinsic Perennial Gardens with purple gray foliage that sets off the silvered tips and bract-like leaves that surround the flower clusters. Similar to *P. muticum* but with purplish foliage. Does well in moist soils but doesn't like it too wet. Presumed hardy to Zone 4 like the species but only trialed in Zone 5 so far. Has hybrid vigor and spreads by rhizomes, but like other *Pycnanthemum*, it is easy to pull out if it goes where it is not wanted.

flexuosum (Appalachian Mountain Mint)	white	24-36"	Z5	Aug-Sep
x incanum 'Smokey Mountain Mint' PPAF	white	24-30"	Z5	Jul-Sep
muticum (Blunt Mountain Mint)	light pink	12-36"	Z4	Jul-Sep
tenuifolium (Slender Mountain Mint)	white	24-36"	Z4	Jul-Sep
verticillatum var. pilosum (American Mountain Mint)	white	12-26"	Z4	Jul-Sep

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

Rodgersia	Zone 5-8
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Rodger's Flower



Thick, shiny basal leaves emerge dark bronze in the spring and mature to green with dark edges. "The darkest foliage of any Rodgersia" according to Terra Nova Nurseries. Pink flowers on branched red stems in the late summer grow 2' above the foliage. Prefers rich, moist, well-drained soil.

pinata 'Bronze Peacock' (PP#24,780)	pink	12-24"	Jun-Aug
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#1 container..... 11.95

Rudbeckia	Native	Zone	Varies
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Black-Eyed Susan, Coneflower 

One of the best perennials for long life, ease of care, disease resistance, and season-long beauty and color. The cut flowers and dried seed heads are second to none. Twixwood recommends ‘Summerblaze’. It has narrower leaves like ‘Viette’s Little Suzy’ and is more resistant to black spot (Septoria) than ‘Goldsturm’.

‘American Gold Rush’ (PP# 28,498) is a Brent Horvath introduction from Intrinsic Perennial Gardens. It has been called not only the best *Rudbeckia* but perhaps the best overall perennial. It won the first ever All American Selections (AAS) performance award for perennials in 2020 (see also *Echinacea* Baja Burgundy (PP# 28,162)). It was also the 2023 Perennial Plant of the Year®.

‘American Gold Rush’ (PP# 28,498)	yellow-gold	18-24”	Z4	Jul-Sep
‘Goldsturm’ (fuldiga var. sullivantii)	yellow	24-36”	Z3	Jun-Sep
‘Green Eyed Lady’ (PPAF)	yellow w/grn cone	24-36”	Z3	Jul-Sep
‘Summerblaze’	yellow	24-30”	Z3	Jul-Sep
‘Sweet as Honey’ (PP# 34,972)	yellow	18”	Z3	Jul-Sep
Viette’s Little Suzy (fulgida ‘Blovi’)	yellow	12-18”	Z3	Jul-Sep

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55

maxima (Native)	yellow	72-84”	Z3	Jun-Jul
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#1 container..... 10.20

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes.

Ruellia	Native	Zone	4-8
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Wild Petunia  

Native to the Eastern and Central United States where it occurs in dryish soils in open woods, glades, prairies, and fields. Bell shaped, 3” flowers are similar to annual Petunias.

humilis	lavender to lilac	18-24”	May-Oct
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#1 container..... 10.20

Salvia**Zone Varies**

Meadow Sage, Wood Sage



Great for sunny borders, cutting beds, and dried arrangements. The textured foliage is often aromatic. Prefers full sun in a light acidic soil. Cutting plants back halfway at the end of June improves blooming and appearance.

Wood Sage (*x sylvestris*) is the result of a cross between *nemorosa* and *pratensis*. It is sold under various synonyms including *S. x alpestris*, *S. x asperula*, *S. x collina*, and *S. x superba*.

nemorosa 'Blue By You' (PP# 31,033)	bright blue	20-22"	Z4	May-Sep
n. 'Caradonna'	blue-violet	12-24"	Z4	Jun-Sep
n. 'East Friesland' ('Ostfriesland')	violet-purple	12-18"	Z4	Jun-Sep
n. 'Marcus' ('Haeumanarc')	deep violet	6-12"	Z4	Jun-Sep
n. 'Rose Marvel' (PP# 30,118)	magenta pink	14-16"	Z4	Jun-Sep
n. 'Salvatore Blue'	deep blue	10-12"	Z4	May-Sep
n. 'Sixteen Candles' (PP# 33,133)	pink	12-18"	Z4	Jun-Jul
n. 'Wesuwe'	blue-purple	12-18"	Z3	Jun-Aug
x sylvestris 'May Night' ('Mainacht')	deep violet-blue	18-24"	Z4	May-Jun

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 6.95

n. 'Pink Profusion'	dark pink	14-16"	Z3	Jun-Sep
(PP# 31,435 Proven Winners®)				

#1 container..... 10.20

All varieties are not maintained in all sizes.

Sanguisorba**Zone Varies**

Burnet




S. menziesii (Alaskan Burnet) is native to the Pacific Northwest. 'Wake Up' was selected for bigger, fluffier blooms. It is found mostly in damp, boggy sites in Alaska, British Columbia, and a few places in Washington state. Foliage is blue-green. Wine-red buds open to dusty-rose bottle-brush flowers. Flower color can be dark red to pink. 'Plum Drops' (PPAF) is an introduction from Brent Horvath of Intrinsic Perennial Gardens with numerous chocolate red flowers. 'Little Angel' is a compact cultivar with variegated foliage.

menziesii 'Wake Up'	pink	24-36"	Z3	Jun-Sep
officinalis var. microcephala 'Little Angel'	red	8-10"	Z4	Jun-Sep
'Plum Drops' (PPAF)	chocolate red	36-48"	Z4	Jun-Sep

#1 container..... 11.95


Saponaria **Zone Varies**

Soapwort 

S. intermedia is a Mediterranean native that loves hot, dry conditions while 'Max Frei' is hardier and less tolerant of heat and humidity in the South. Both make great groundcovers and have masses of phlox-like pink flowers in the summer and fall.

sicula subsp. <i>intermedia</i>	pink	10-12"	Z6	Jul-Sep
lempergii 'Max Frei'	pale pink	6-12"	Z3	Jun-Oct
#1 container.....	8.95			

Sedum **Zone Varies**

Stonecrop 

Succulent-type perennials that prefer sunny, hot areas in a loose soil with good drainage. *Sedum* are especially susceptible to variations in color, habit, height, etc. depending on growing conditions, light, temperature, etc. They may change color frequently throughout the season.

The *Sedum* genus is so large it is being subclassified or reclassified. As these come into general use, Twixwood will note them as alternate names. Other genus or subgenus names you will see include *Hylotelephium*, *Petrosedum*, *Phedimus*, *Rhodiola*, and *Sinocrassula*.

Creeping Groundcover Varieties**Foliage Color | Flower Color**

cauticola 'Lidakense'	blue green pink	3-6"	Z4	Jul-Sep
kamtschaticum	green yellow	6-8"	Z4	May-Jun
rupestre 'Angelina'	yellow conifer like yellow	3-5"	Z4	Jun-Jul
(aka reflexum 'A.') {petrosedum}				
spurium 'Dragon's Blood'	green w/ purple to red pink	3-6"	Z3	Aug-Sep
tetractinum 'Coral Reef'	green turn red pale pink	2-4"	Z5	Jul-Aug
#1 container.....	6.25			

Other sizes for these and additional varieties can be found in the Groundcover Section.

Atlantis®	green w/ creamy margin yellow	4-6"	Z4	Aug-Sep
(takesimensense 'Nonsitnal' PP# 27,454)				
'Plum Perfection'	green to gray to plum white	6-8"	Z3	Jul-Sep
(PP# 22,690) {Hylotelephium}				
Shamrock	chocolate brown w/ pink grn	2-4"	Z3	Seldom
(cauticola 'FLORSEPURJOH' PPAF)				
WHAT A DOOZIE	white and green variegation pink	2-5"	Z5	Aug-Sep
(spurium 'Spiraling Doozie' PP# 31,789)				
38ct.....	1.90 (72.20/flat)			
#1 container.....	7.55			

Continued on Next Page

Sedum (continued)**Groundcover Varieties (continued)****Sunsparkler® Series**

'Blue Elf' (x Sedoro)	steel blue dark pink	3-6"	Z3	Aug-Sep
(PP# 27,113) {Hylotelephium} Blue Elf is an interspecies cross (orostachys x sedum)				
'Dazzleberry'	blue-gray raspberry pink	6-9"	Z3	Aug-Sep
(PP# 22,457) {Hylotelephium}				
'Dream Dazzler'	olive-green cream w/pink pink	6-8"	Z4	Aug-Sep
(PP# 31,227) {Hylotelephium}				
'Firecracker'	burgundy red pink	6"	Z4	Aug-Sep
(PP# 26,595) {Hylotelephium}				
'Jade Tuffet'	green w/ red stem pink	12-14"	Z4	Aug-Sep
(PP# 28,090) {Hylotelephium}				

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55

Upright and Specimen Varieties

'Carl' {Hylotelephium}	gray-green magenta-pink	16-18"	Z3	Aug-Sep
spectabile 'Autumn Fire'	gray-green rose-pink	12-24"	Z3	Aug-Oct
{Hylotelephium}				
s. 'Autumn Joy'	gray-green pink-red	18-24"	Z3	Aug-Oct
('Herbstfreude') {Hylotelephium}				
s. 'Neon' {Hylotelephium}	gray-green magenta	12-24"	Z3	Aug-Oct

38ct..... 1.50 (57.00/flat)

#1 container..... 6.95

Autumn Charm™	blue green w/white edge pink	14-18"	Z3	Aug-Sep
('Lajos') {Hylotelephium}				
Autumn Delight™	chartruse w/blue-green pink	18-24"	Z3	Aug-Sep
('Beka' PP# 18,398) {Hylotelephium}				
"Pillow Talk"	gray-green, red stem pink	18-24"	Z3	Sep
(PP# 28,528) {Hylotelephium}				

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)


#1 container..... 7.55

'Oriental Dancer'®	dark green deep red pink	10-14"	Z5	Aug-Sep
'Sunkissed'	green-yellow green yellow	8-12"	Z3	Aug-Sep
(PP# 16,927) {Hylotelephium telephium 'Sunkissed'}				

#1 container..... 11.95


All varieties are not maintained in all sizes, but can be grown in these and other sizes upon request.

See more varieties & sizes in the Groundcover Section.

Solidago	Native	Zone 5-8
Goldenrod		

Solidago species are excellent fall blooming pollinator plants. ‘Sugar Kisses’ is a unique cultivar from Brent Horvath of Intrinsic Perennial Gardens that is a cross between a white blooming upland species (*S. ptarmicoides*) and a yellow goldenrod. The result is a short, clean plant with strap-like narrow basal foliage. Lime-yellow buds in clusters open to white flowers with creamy yellow centers. Makes a great cut-flower in both bud and flower stage.

‘Sugar Kisses’ (PP# 34,747)	white w/ yellow	18-24”	Jul-Sep
38ct.....	2.50 (95.00/flat)		
#1 container.....	10.20		

Solidaster	Zone 5-8
Goldenrod	

Large clusters of tiny pale lemon yellow flowers. Great for use as a cut flower and dried flower arrangements. A great pollinator plant.

Sometimes sold as genus *Solidago*, this species is a 1920 cross between *Aster ptarmicoides* and *Solidago canadensis* from the Leonard Lille Nursery in Lyon, France. The *Aster* genes give it a more compact and controlled habit. The *Solidago* genes give it a golden color and profuse flowers.

luteus ‘Lemore’	pale lemon yellow	18-30”	Aug-Sep
#1 container.....	11.95		

Perennials

Stachys**Zone 4-8**

Lamb's Ear, Betony



Twixwood grows two quite different forms of the genus *Stachys*, each represented by different common names.

Lamb's Ear forms a clump of large fuzzy leaves and rarely flowers in the landscape. 'Helene von Stein', sometimes called 'Big Ears', belongs to this type.

Betony forms a clump of glossy green foliage and flowers profusely. Sometimes classified as *S. betonica* or *Betonica officinalis*. 'Hummelo' and Brent Horvath's two introductions from Intrinsic Perennial Gardens, 'Summer Crush' (PP# 29,899) and 'Summer Romance' (PP# 30,243) belong to this type. *Stachys* 'Hummelo' was the 2019 Perennial Plant of the Year®.

Both types of *Stachys* make excellent groundcovers in mass plantings.

byzantina 'Helene von Stein' (aka 'Big Ears')	purple	6-12"	Rarely
officinalis 'Hummelo'	rose-lavender	18-24"	Jul-Sep

38ct..... 1.50 (57.00/flat)

#1 container..... 6.95

o. 'Miss Magenta'	magenta	14-24"	Jul-Sep
o. 'Summer Grapes' (PP#35,293)	purple	14-24"	Jul-Sep
o. 'Summer Snowcone' (PP#35,294)	white	14-24"	Jul-Sep
o. 'Summer Sweets' (PP#32,169)	purplish-pink	14-24"	Jul-Sep
x 'Summer Crush' (PP# 29,899)	pink	18-24"	Jun-Jul
x 'Summer Romance' (PP# 30,243)	purple	18-24"	Jun-Jul

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 7.55

o. 'Bride' PPAF	white	14-24"	Jul-Sep
o. 'Lilac Lady' PPAF	lilac	14-24"	Jul-Sep
#1 container.....	10.20		

Stokesia**Zone 5-9**

Stokes' Aster, Big Ears




Stokesia is a North American perennial native to the wet bottomlands and pine woods of the south. Peachie Saxton of Mississippi selected this cultivar for its longer bloom time which can be expanded by deadheading. May require winter protection in Zone 5.

laevis 'Peachie's Pick'	purple-blue	12-18"	Jun-Sep
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#1 container..... 10.20

Stylophorum	Native	Zone 4-9	
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Celadine Poppy 

Foliage is blue-green with a silvery cast on the underside. Brilliant yellow flowers in early spring. An easy to grow native that will self-sow and form a dense shade ground-cover. Native from Pennsylvania to Wisconsin in rich, moist deciduous forests. Tolerates all but the driest conditions. Plants will go dormant in early summer if soils dry out.

diphyllum	yellow	12-24"	Mar-Apr
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#1 container..... 11.95

Symphyotrichum (Aster)	Native	Zone 4-9	
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Aromatic Aster, Heath Aster, Horizontal Calico Aster, New England Aster 

These Asters are fall blooming perennials making them a great option for late support of pollinators.

S. ericoides (Heath Aster) is native to Central and Eastern United States where it grows in open rocky woods and prairies. 1/2" daisy-like flowers have a yellow center with usually white petals although they can be blue or pink.

Horizontal Calico Aster (*S. lateriflorum* var. *horizontale*) was previously classified as *Aster lateriflorus* 'Horizontalis'. Tiny white flowers have pink centers.


S. novae-angliae (New England Aster) is native to most of the US East of the Rockies. It has yellow-centered flowers with petals that range from blue-purple to lavender-pink. Prefers full sun in average to moist soils.

Raydon's Favorite has medium-blue 1"+ sized flowers. Taller, larger flowers and blooms about two weeks later than 'October Skies'.

lateriflorum var. <i>horizontale</i> (Native)	white	18-24"	Aug-Oct
<i>ericoides</i> (Native)	white	12-36"	Aug-Oct
<i>novae-angliae</i> (Native)	blue to lavender	48-72"	Aug-Oct
oblongifolium 'Raydon's Favorite'	medium blue	24-36"	Aug-Oct

#1 container..... 10.20

Teucrium	Zone 5-7		
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Spreading Germander 

A slow-spreading, dense groundcover. Purplish-pink flowers reach 3" above foliage. 'Pride of Georgia' is a Chicagoland Grows® introduction from a Chicago Botanic Garden seed collection trip to the Republic of Georgia. Half of the royalties benefit the Institute of Botany at the Ilia State University, The Republic of Georgia.

chamaedrys ssp. <i>nuchense</i>	purplish pink	5-7"	Jul-Sep
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'Pride of Georgia' (PP# 33,599)

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

Thalictrum	Zone	Varies
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Meadow Rue



Meadow Rue's are typically fairly tall plants with foliage similar to *Aquilegia* (Columbine). The height makes them great architectural plants for the landscape and they are often used in Piet Oudolf style plantings. Prefers rich, moist but well-drained soil. Does not tolerate heat and humidity very well. 'Elin' is a cross between the other two species and is not known to seed which gives it an extended bloom time. It gets very tall, 7-9 feet.

'Elin'	pale lilac	84-108"	Z5	Jul-Aug
flavum subsp. glaucum	yellow	24-48"	Z5	Jun-Jul
rochebruneanum	lavender purple	48-72"	Z4	Jul-Aug

#1 container..... 10.20

Tiarella	Native	Zone	4-9
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Foamflower



Foamy flowers are white to pink shades and the leaves may have reddish variegation along the veins. Native from Nova Scotia to Minnesota and south to Alabama and the Appalachian Mountains. Prefers rich, moisture retentive soil that doesn't dry out.

cordifolia	white to pink	10-12"	May
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#1 container..... 11.95

Tradescantia	Native	Zone	3-9
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Common or Ohio Spiderwort, Bluejacket



The grasslike foliage has a blue-gray look. Flowers can be blue, pink, or purple shades. Native from Canada to Florida and west to Texas. It can be an aggressive spreader and self-sows readily. Prefers moist to dry, well-drained, sandy, acidic soils in full to partial sun but can tolerate a wide variety of soil conditions. Drought tolerant.


ohiensis	purple shades	24-36"	May-Jul
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#1 container..... 10.20

'Webmaster' PPAF (Proven Winners)	bicolor, purple w/lilac edges	18"	May-Jul
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#1 container..... 11.95

Vernonia **Zone 4-9**

Ironweed 

This is an upright perennial that typically grows 2-4' tall on stiff, leafy stems which branch at the top. Narrow, linear to lance-shaped leaves up to 5" long have serrated margins. Flowers give way to rusty seed clusters. Blooms late summer to fall. Their purple flowers contrast nicely with the bright yellow of *Solidago* blooms. Excellent pollinator plants.


The *lettermannii* species of Ironweed is sometimes called Smooth Ironweed. Generally grows taller in moist soils. The Summer Series are Chicagoland Grows® introductions selected for better performance and disease resistance.

lettermannii 'Iron Butterfly'	purple	24-36"	Jul-Sep
'Summer's End' (PP# 33,602)	dark purple	32-42"	Sep-Oct
'Summer's Surrender' (PP# 28,475)	dark purple	40-50"	Sep-Oct
'Summer's Swan Song' (PP# 28,556)	dark purple	24-30"	Sep-Oct

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

Veronica **Zone 4-8**

Speedwell 

'Blue Sprite' (PP# 29,581) is a groundcover type of *Veronica*. It was introduced by Chicagoland Grows®. 'Kiss the Sky' (PP# 31,665), 'Seaside' (PP# 35,686), and 'Spike' (PP# 27,814) are upright forms from Brent Horvath of Intrinsic Perennial Gardens. The Skyward™ Series from Darwin Perennials features high flower counts on compact, mildew-resistant plants with a very long bloom time. Great pollinator plants.

'Blue Sprite' (PP# 29,581)	violet-blue	1-6"	May-Jun
'Kiss the Sky' (PP# 31,665)	sky blue	24"	Jun
'Seaside' (PP# 35,686)	true blue	20-24"	May-Jun
'Spike' (PP# 27,814)	blue	12-15"	Jun


Skyward™ Series

Blue (longifolia 'Balskywue' PP# 34,922)	blue	14-18"	May-Jul
Lilac (longifolia 'Balskywac' PPAF)	lilac	14-18"	May-Jul
Pink (longifolia 'Balskywink' PP# 34,890)	pink	14-18"	May-Jul

38ct..... 1.90 (72.20/flat)

#1 container..... 8.95

Veronicastrum **Zone 3-8**

Culver's Root 

This selection of the native *V. virginicum* is easy to grow. It will tolerate some shade but will get floppy with too much. Resembles *Veronica*.

virginicum 'Queen of Diamonds' light pink 48" Jun-Jul



38ct..... 2.50 (95.00/flat)

#1 container..... 10.20

v. 'Challenger' PP# 27,473 pink shades of lilac to lt blue 40-48" Jul-Aug

#1 container..... 11.95

Viola **Native** **Zone 3-8**

Larkspur Violet, Purple Prairie Violet  

Deep violet purple flowers in spring into summer. Similar to *Viola pedata* except with smaller and more pea-like flowers with a beard. Grows well in rich, well drained soil. Will take full sun in northern areas but prefers shade in hotter areas. Native from Saskatchewan to Ohio and south into Oklahoma and Arkansas. Has been known to naturally hybridize with other *Viola* species.

pedatifida deep violet purple 6-8" Apr-Jun

#1 container..... 11.95

Xanthorhiza **Native** **Zone 3-9**

Yellowroot  

This deciduous, suckering, spreading shrub is native to streambanks and other moist areas of the Eastern and Southeastern United States. It can spread indefinitely in good conditions and may need some containment. More sun and drier conditions will slow it down. Drought tolerant once established but prefers moist areas.

Small dark purple flowers appear in the early spring. Foliage turns bronzy-yellow in the fall and can be quite showy. Crushing the roots and stems produces a yellow dye (hence the common name) and the roots have been traditionally used to treat digestive and circulatory ailments.

simplicissima purple 6-30" Apr-May

#1 container..... 18.00

Yucca	Zone 4-10
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Adam’s Needle	
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Yucca filamentosa is a native evergreen shrub from the sand dunes and beaches of South Carolina and Florida, that has adapted well to more northerly climates. The Adam’s Needle common name refers to the tall flower stalk with bell shaped flowers. The variegated foliage of the ‘Color Guard’ cultivar gives this variety year-round interest. The other varieties have various shades of blue leaves. ‘Sapphire Skies’ is a tree-type *Yucca* with a globe of baby blue leaves coming from a crown on the central trunk.

filamentosa ‘Color Guard’	creamy white	36-72”	Jun-Jul
rigida ‘Blue Sentry’	creamy white	48-72”	Aug
rostrata ‘Sapphire Skies’	white	60”+	Aug
‘Silver Anniversary’ (PP# 31,437)	white	48-84”	May-Jun
#1 container..... 11.95			

Zizia	Native	Zone 3-8
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Golden Alexanders	 
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Yellow flowers in late spring and early summer have a long bloom time. The small flowers on the large heads are particularly useful for short-tongued pollinators. Native to the Eastern and Southern US. A food plant for the Woodland Swallowtail Butterfly (*Papilio joanae*) and others. Can be a short-lived perennial but will self-seed and persist in a native planting.

aurea	yellow	18-36”	May-Jun
#1 container..... 10.20			

Twixwood Sales Yard



Twixwood Nursery maintains a Sales Yard at our main location for local (and sometimes not so local) customers who enjoy the one-stop shop experience. The Yard is stocked with a wide selection of Perennials, Groundcovers, Grasses, and Shrubs. We stock with a focus on popular items and our best-looking Bud and Bloom, providing a small snapshot of what is available from our other farm locations. We also bring in roses and shrubs from some of the larger growers to provide a convenient, local wholesale option. Many landscapers have designed for their jobs while shopping the Sales Yard and left with what they needed the same day.

Contact your local sales rep for more details on current yard availability. Walk-ins are always welcome.

yard@twixwood.com



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Terms & Conditions

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All prices are F.O.B. Berrien Springs, Michigan. All advance orders are booked subject to prices and availability at the time of shipment. Prices are subject to change without notice.

CREDIT ACCOUNTS

Orders are accepted on a cash, company check (personal or third party checks may not be accepted), or credit card basis only, unless a confidential credit application has been submitted and approved by Twixwood Nursery. Terms for approved credit applicants are Net 30 to customers with established credit. Allow 4-6 weeks for processing the credit application. First orders for all new customers are by pre-payment only. A surcharge of 1.5% per month (18% per year) will be applied to unpaid accounts after terms from date of shipment. Payment on account may be applied to finance charges first.

DELINQUENT ACCOUNTS

Accounts not in good standing or significantly past due may have payment terms removed. Payment terms are not automatically reinstated and may require a new credit application process.

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A \$35 charge will be assessed for NSF checks.

CREDIT CARDS

Payment by Visa, Mastercard, and Discover is accepted. Please call the accounting department during normal business hours. Credit card information is not maintained for future use unless a form is filled out and signed by the customer allowing such information to be maintained through the end of the calendar year.

CREDIT BALANCES & WRITE OFF AMOUNTS

Twixwood reserves the right to write off any unclaimed credit balances under \$10 at the end of the calendar year.

LIMITED WARRANTY*

We warrant our plants to be true to name and to be in good living condition at the time of shipment. All other warranties are specifically excluded, including but not limited to the warranty of merchantability or fitness for intended use and any warranty regarding future growth. Our warranty is limited to the seven day period immediately after delivery. All liability for incidental and consequential damages are excluded from this limited warranty. The following remedy applies and is your exclusive remedy: Limited warranty claims will be resolved by the replacement of defective plants only. All orders are accepted and shipments made subject to crop conditions and may be cancelled, prorated or changed based on availability at the time of shipment. (See Boxwood/Pachysandra note below.)

CLAIMS*

All plants become your property at the time of delivery. Plant claims that are covered by our limited warranty (see above, and Boxwood/Pachysandra note below) must be submitted in writing within 7 days of shipment. All honored claims will be resolved by the replacement of defective plant material only. Replacement plant material will be provided by Twixwood Nursery as soon as production plans permit and will be shipped at cost.

CHOICE OF LAW FORUM

It is agreed to by both parties that any contract for sale of goods and services made between Twixwood Nursery, LLC and the buyer is made in Michigan and shall be governed by Michigan law. Any action pertaining to such sale shall be venued in Berrien County, Michigan.

The buyer also agrees that in the event of non-payment of an overdue account, they shall be liable for collection charges, including reasonable attorney fees.

***BOXWOOD BLIGHT & PACHYSANDRA**

Twixwood is a participant in the Boxwood Blight Compliance Agreement. Our stock is regularly inspected and is clean. However due to these concerns, all Boxwood sales are final and Twixwood cannot accept returned or refused plants. Pachysandra is a host plant for Boxwood Blight although the blight apparently does not adversely affect the Pachysandra itself. However, because of its ability to host the blight, Twixwood may also not accept refused/returned Pachysandra.

See additional information under the Shipping Information Section

Earned Volume Discounts

EARNED VOLUME DISCOUNT PROGRAM

Twixwood's Volume Discount Program is based on payment history and on purchases of the previous year. To qualify for these volume discounts your account must be kept current and there cannot be any outstanding finance charges. Discounts removed on delinquent accounts are not automatically reinstated.

Shipping Information

FUEL SURCHARGE

Twixwood reserves the right to add a fuel surcharge to cover costs if the need arises.

ROUTING & SPECIAL REQUESTS

All deliveries are subject to the scheduling of full trucks to a particular area and are routed according to the most efficient route. We make every effort to meet your requested needs, but we appreciate your understanding that this is not always possible. Please inform your customer service rep of your delivery needs, and any flexibility that will enable us to ship efficiently and keep our prices low for you.

RACKS

Twixwood primarily delivers on metal rolling racks. Racks are dropped (left on site) only at the discretion of Twixwood and with the understanding that they will be picked up with the next delivery or at another pre-determined time. Extending rack pick up as well as loss or damage to the racks can result in charges up to \$750/rack.

DETENTION FEE

Twixwood instructs our drivers to assist the customer in getting the plant material to the back of the truck for unloading. We do ask that the unloading be carried out efficiently so the driver can continue on his or her route without delaying other customers. Delays of more than 2 hours on site can result in detention charges up to \$100 per hour.

SHIPPING DAMAGE CLAIMS

All shipping damage must be noted at the time of receipt of the goods. Note any obvious damage or shortages in writing on the truck driver's invoice/delivery ticket.

See Previous Pages for Warranty & Damage Claim Information

DELIVERY NOTIFICATION

We will attempt to notify you of deliveries one day in advance. Due to safety concerns and trucking regulations it is not always possible for drivers to notify you closer to delivery.

PICKUP

Twixwood maintains a sales yard beside the main office at 2759 East Shawnee Road, Berrien Springs, Michigan 49103. We attempt to keep it stocked with our better looking and more common items and encourage local wholesale customers to come and shop. To assure availability of specific items, please call and place an order according to the order deadlines noted on the next page. Orders not picked up within 7 days are subject to a restocking fee up to 20%.

ORDER DEADLINES

To ensure and maintain efficient and affordable freight and quality plants upon delivery, Twixwood maintains the following order deadlines. While we make every effort to service our customers, outside of these deadlines it does become much more difficult if even possible, at least without additional charges. Trucks are not routed to all areas every day. Your Customer Service Rep can assist you with determining which days are most likely to have full trucks for your area.

All Times are Eastern Standard Time

Delivery Date	Order Deadline	Additions* Accepted Until**
Monday	1 pm Thursday	6 pm Thursday
Tuesday	1 pm Friday	6 pm Friday
Wednesday	1 pm Monday	6 pm Monday
Thursday	1 pm Tuesday	6 pm Tuesday
Friday	1 pm Wednesday	6 pm Wednesday

*Additions to existing orders. Adding new stops to a routed truck may not be possible.

**Additions are only accepted if we have enough time to get them ready and there is enough room on the truck.

PLANT LABELS & TAGS

We will put one variety tag in each flat, #1 and larger container. Additional tags may be available for an additional charge. Please notify your customer service representative of additional tag needs. Custom UPC sticker printing is available for an additional charge.

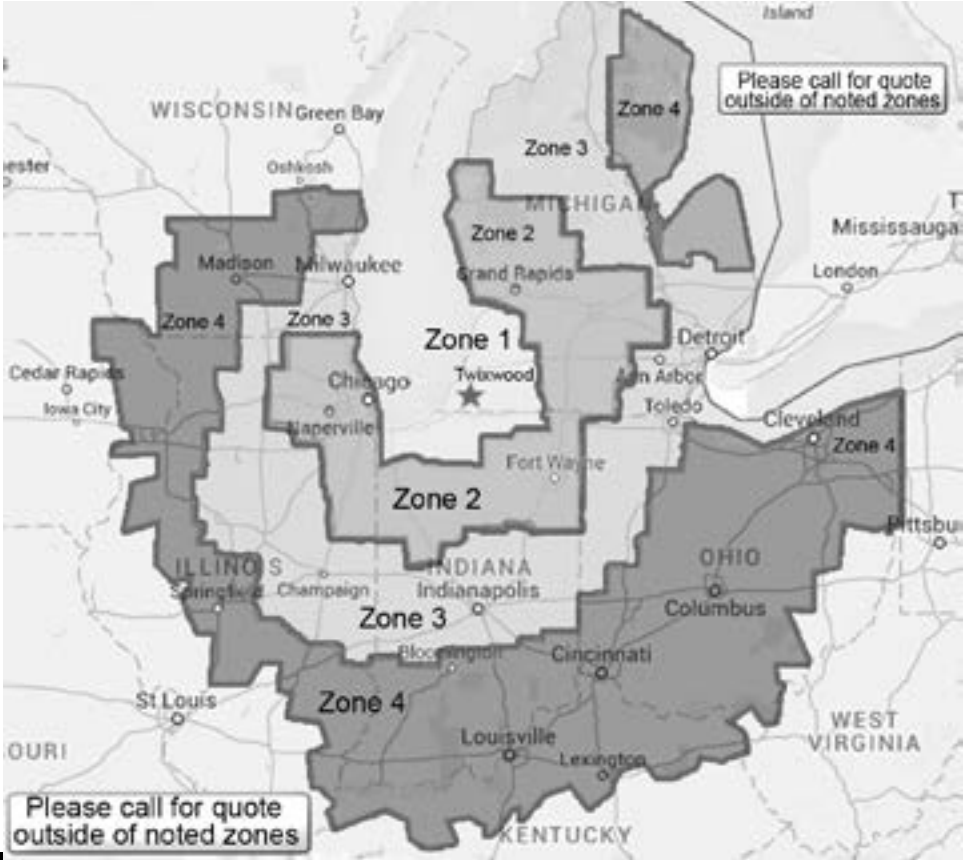
RESTOCKING*

Cancellations, adjustments or postponements to orders after the order deadlines noted above can result in restocking fees up to 20% of the order.

*See previous pages regarding Boxwood Blight & Pachysandra

See additional information under the Terms & Conditions Section

Shipping Zone Map



Shipping Zones

Zone	% Charge	Minimum Freight
1	6%	\$100 for Orders Under \$600
2	9%	\$100 for Orders Under \$600
3	13%	\$150 for Orders Under \$900
4	17%	\$250 for Orders Under \$1250

Freight percentages calculate on the order subtotal, after earned volume discounts are removed and before tax is added.

Shipping Zone Information Continued From Previous Page

Please refer to the map for shipping zones. Twixwood maps zones by County and Zip Code. Please call for your exact shipping zone.

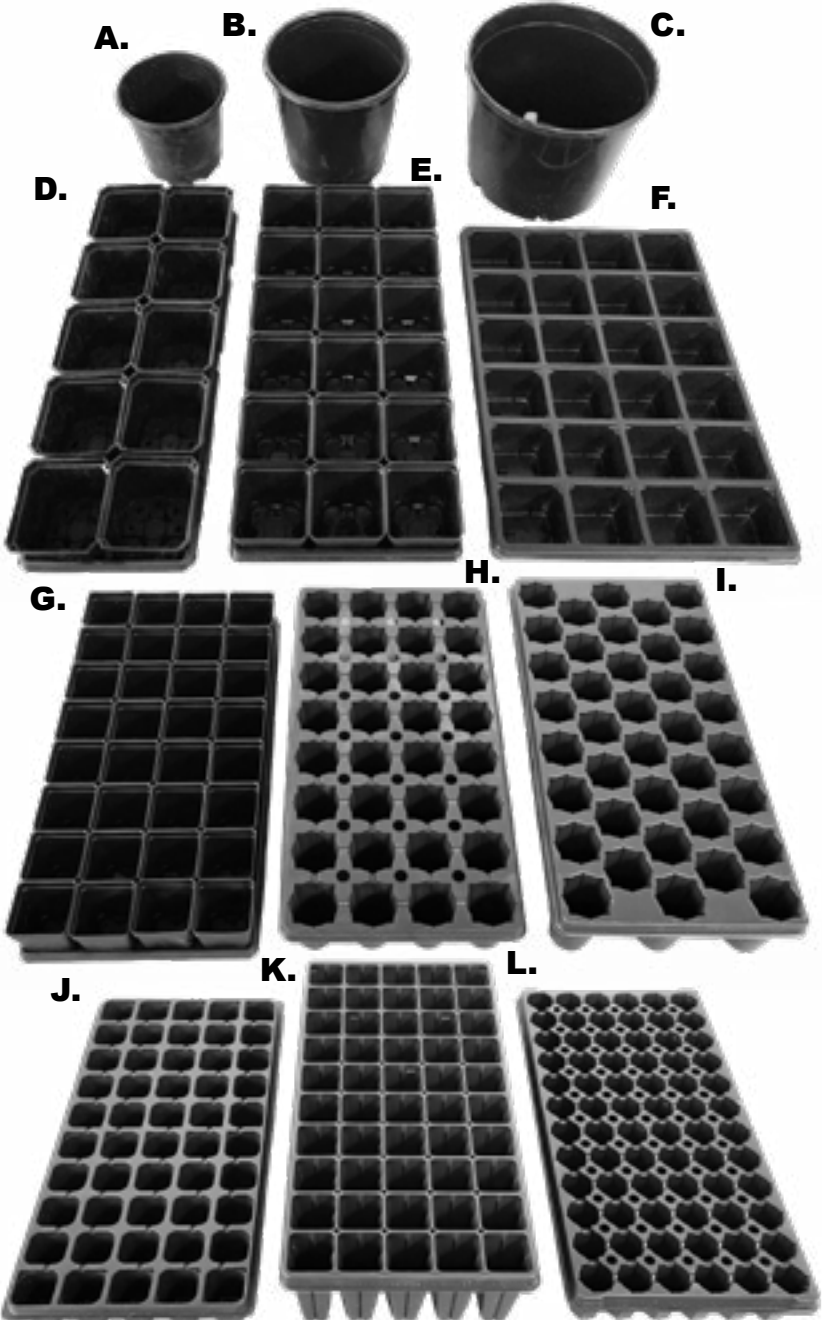
Zone	% Charge	Minimum Freight	Key Cities
1	6%	\$100 for Orders Under \$600	Michigan: Holland, Zeeland, Kalamazoo, Dowagiac, Cassopolis, Niles, Saint Joseph, Benton Harbor Indiana: South Bend, Elkhart, Goshen, Mishawaka, Portage, Gary, La Porte, Valparaiso, Michigan City
2	9%	\$100 for Orders Under \$600	Michigan: Ludington, Lansing, Grand Rapids and Battle Creek Indiana: Fort Wayne, Lafayette Illinois: Kankakee, Greater Chicago and suburbs, Joliet, Dekalb, Waukegan
3	13%	\$150 for Orders Under \$900	Michigan: Traverse City, Saginaw, Bay City, greater Detroit and suburbs, Ann Arbor Indiana: greater Indianapolis and suburbs, Terre Haute Illinois: Urbana, Champaign, Bloomington, Peoria, Dunlap, Rockford Wisconsin: greater Milwaukee and suburbs Ohio: Toledo
4	17%	\$250 for Orders Under \$1250	Indiana: Bloomington, Evansville Illinois: Springfield, Galesburg Wisconsin: Madison, Fond du Lac Ohio: Cleveland, Youngstown, Columbus, Dayton, Cincinnati Kentucky: Lexington, Louisville Iowa: Davenport, Dubuque

All Areas Beyond: Calculated per order on a truckload, LTL, UPS or FedEx basis.

Once your order minimum is reached (\$600 in Zones 1 & 2, \$900 in Zone 3 and \$1250 in Zone 4), freight will calculate just on the percentage basis, not the percentage plus the minimum. This is an incentive to reach the minimum order amount.

FedEx: These delivery zones and rates are based on full trucks. If trucks are not full, or for smaller orders, we may be able to send your order through FedEx and bill you accordingly.

Package Sizing



Container Specifications

	Size	Description	Approximate Dimensions				Legal Volume
			Cell			Tray	
			Diam-eter	Width	Depth		
A	#1	#1 Pot	6.50"	round	6.50"		2.50 qt / 2.37 L / Pot
B	#2	#2 Pot	8.50"	round	8.50"		6.00 qt / 5.67 L / Pot
C	#3	#3 Pot	10.41"	round	9.50"		11.16 qt / 10.60 L / Pot
D	10ct	10ct Flat	3.75"	3.75"	3.50"	7.63" x 20"	18.4 fl oz / 544 mL / Pot
E	18ct	18ct Flat	3.25"	3.25"	3.50"	10" x 20"	14.4 fl oz / 426 mL / Pot
F	24ct Standard	24ct Standard Flat	2.63"	2.88"	2.50"	13.4" x 17.9"	8.2 fl oz / 243 mL / Cell
G	32ct Plastic	32ct Flat	2.63"	2.63"	3.50"	10.8" x 21.2"	9.50 fl oz / 243 mL / Pot
H	32ct Plug	32ct Plug Flat	2.22"	2.22"	4"	11" x 21.5"	5.58 fl oz / 165 mL / Cell
I	38ct	38ct Plug Flat	2.25"	round	5.00"	10.8" x 21.2"	6.70 fl oz / 198 mL / Cell
J	50ct Seed	50ct Plug Seed Flat	1.75"	1.75"	2.25"	11.0" x 21.4"	2.88 fl oz / 85 mL / Cell
K	50ct Plug Deep**	50ct Plug Deep Flat	2.00"	2.00"	5.00"	10.9" x 21.4"	6.59 fl oz / 195 mL / Cell
L	72ct Plug	72ct Plug Flat	1.63"	round	3.25"	10.8" x 21.2"	2.33 fl oz / 69 mL / Cell

Other sizes and variations of these tray configurations are used primarily for internal production purposes but may also occasionally be offered for sale. Weights and measures for those can be provided upon request.

****Several 50ct Plug Deep tray styles are currently in use. The one pictured and described is preferred by Twixwood and is the one generally offered for sale.**

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Map and Directions



Directions to Twixwood: 2759 East Shawnee, Berrien Springs, MI 49103

From Chicago take I-94 East to Bridgman, Michigan. Take exit #16 (“Red Arrow”), turn right (North) and go to the traffic light. Turn right (East) onto Lake Street and go 8 miles (Lake Street will change to Shawnee Road.) The Nursery is on the left (North) after Garr Road.

From Indianapolis take US-31 North of South Bend, Indiana. Take Michigan Exit 13 for Berrien Springs. At the end of the ramp, turn right (West) onto East Snow Road. Go 1.2 miles. Turn right (North) onto Red Bud Trail. Go 1.5 miles. Turn left (West) onto East Shawnee Road. The Nursery is on the right (North), 0.6 miles. The drive is just in front of the big gray barn.

From Detroit take I-94 west to exit #33a. Follow the exit ramp onto U.S. 31 South (“South Bend”). Take Berrien Springs exit #15. Turn right (Northwest) and go to the traffic signal. Turn left (South) onto Red Bud Trail. Go 2 miles to the 4-way stop. Turn right (West) onto Shawnee Road. The Nursery is on the right (North), 0.6 miles. The drive is just in front of the big gray barn.

WHOLESALE

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LIST 2016

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